Zero Energy Home Fort Campbell

Derek Veerkamp Actus Lend Lease

Anne Kaltenhauser
Concurrent
Technologies Corp





Military Housing Privatization

- Business Partner to the military
 - Managing partner
 - 50 year lease
 - Develop, Build, Manage, and Maintain
- Actus Lend Lease
 - 40,000 military homes
 - 8 operational project sites
 - Sustainability

Goal

- Sustainable Concept
- Easy to Understand
- Tangible Benefit
- Stretch Goal

Definition

- Zero Energy Home
- Net Zero Energy Home
- Near Zero Energy Home

"Energy consumption equals energy production"

Current ZEH Homes

- High End Homes
 - Motivated Buyers
 - **-** \$500,000 **-** \$800,000
- Subsidized Homes
 - Less than 1500 SF
 - Habitat for Humanity
 - Cost reduction thru grants, donations, subsidies
- Middle Income Home
 - Our focus

Our Project

- The "Woodlands"
- New Subdivision
- 521 new units
- 51 Single Family Homes, 470 duplex
- Zero Energy Home budget: \$500,000





FORT CAMPBELL RCI

THE WOODLANDS

KENTUCKY/TENNESSEE • ACTUS LEND LEASE
October 13, 2006







NDCEE

National Defense Center for Environmental Excellence



Office of the
Assistant Secretary
of the Army
(Installations and
Environment)

NDCEE Sustainability Installations Initiatives Task

Near Zero Energy Housing at Ft. Campbell

Energy Modeling Results

The views, opinions, and/or findings contained in this briefing are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy, or decision unless so designated by other official documentation.

The NDCEE is operated by: CTC Concurrent Technologies Corporation

Energy Modeling

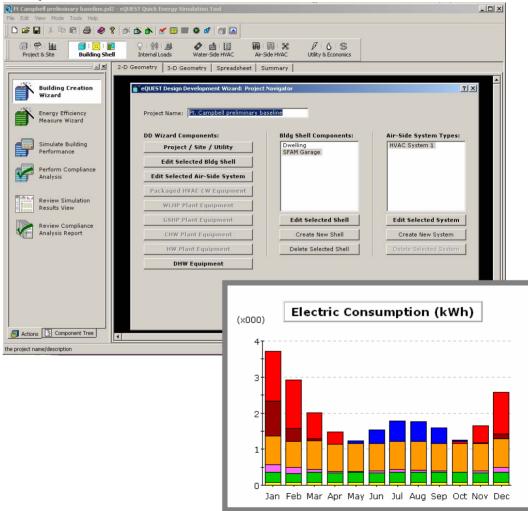
- Purpose
 - Assess the expected energy use of various building features and systems
- Task Application
 - Optimize ZEH design and size photovoltaics
- Software
 - eQUEST (DOE-2)
- Application Focus
 - Energy savings rather than detailed design
 - Comparative results for technologies

ZEH Design Approach

- Team members
 - Ft Campbell Housing
 - Actus Lend Lease
 - NDCEE
 - URS
- Technical Approach
 - Project scoping
 - Identification of Best Available Technologies (BATs)
 - Data collection
 - Develop modeling approach/run initial simulations
 - Evaluate approach/software capabilities/simulation results
 - Refine models and determine ZEH technology portfolio

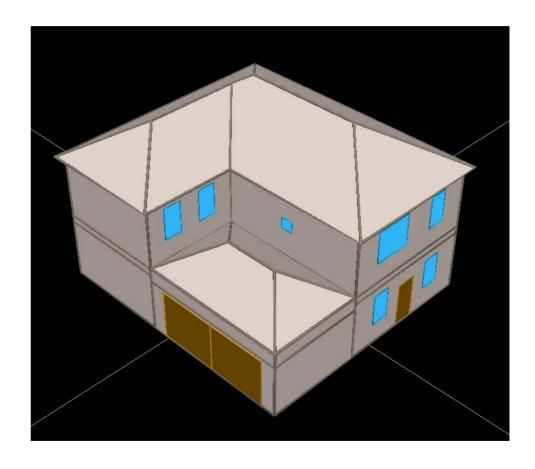
- Comprehensive energy simulation tool
- Publicly available
- Funded by California utility customers
- Administered by California Public Utilities Commission
- Simulation "engine" based on DOE-2 computer programs
- Modeler inputs building, system (HVAC, WH) and weather information
- Predicts hourly energy use and cost
- Building creation wizards
- Graphical reporting



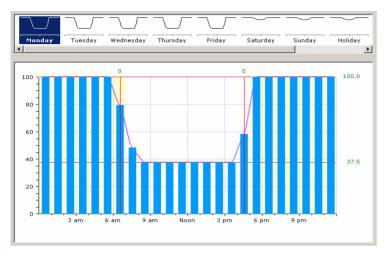


Baseline Ft. Campbell Single Family Home

- 2 Story
- 2,100 ft² living space
- 325 ft² garage
- 2 x 4 metal frame
- R-13 batt in wall
- Asphalt shingle roof
- R-38 blown in cellulose
- Uninsulated slab foundation
- Double low-e windows
- Air source electric heat pump
- Electric water heater (20 gallons/person/day)
- Incandescent & fluorescent lighting
- West facing (worst case)



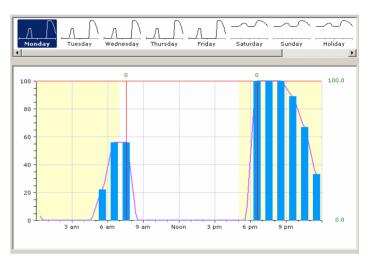
Profiles



Occupancy



Equipment

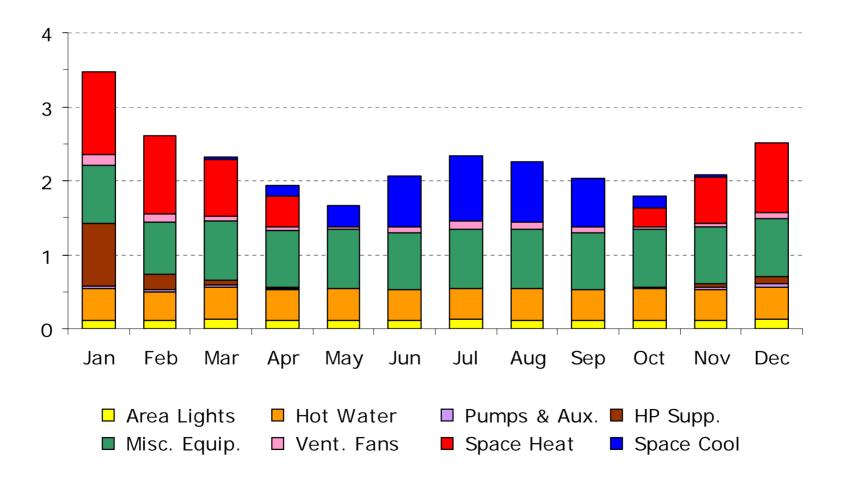


Lighting

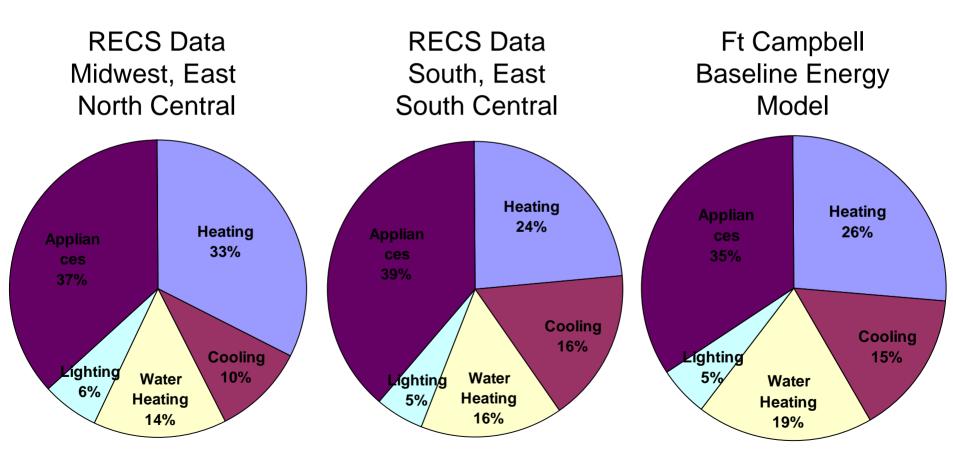


Hot Water

Baseline Electric Consumption (1,000 kWh)

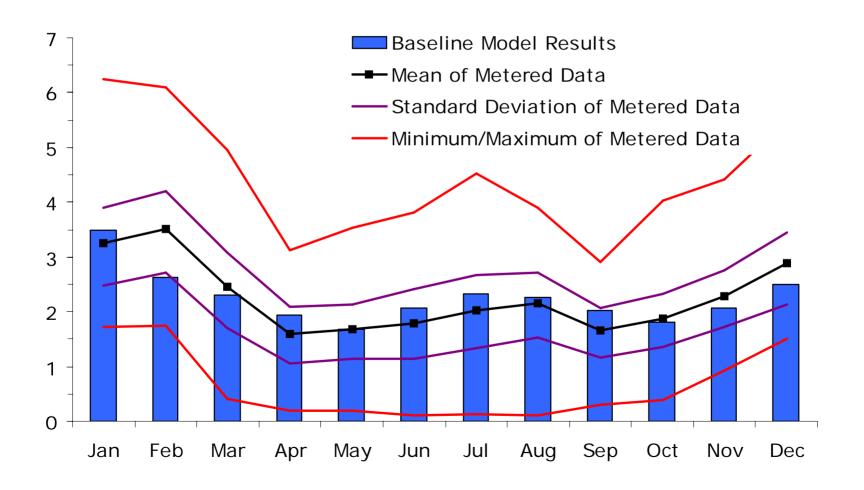


Comparison of Baseline Results to DOE RECS Data (by Census Division)



RECS: Residential Energy Consumption Survey

Comparison of Baseline Results to Metering Data

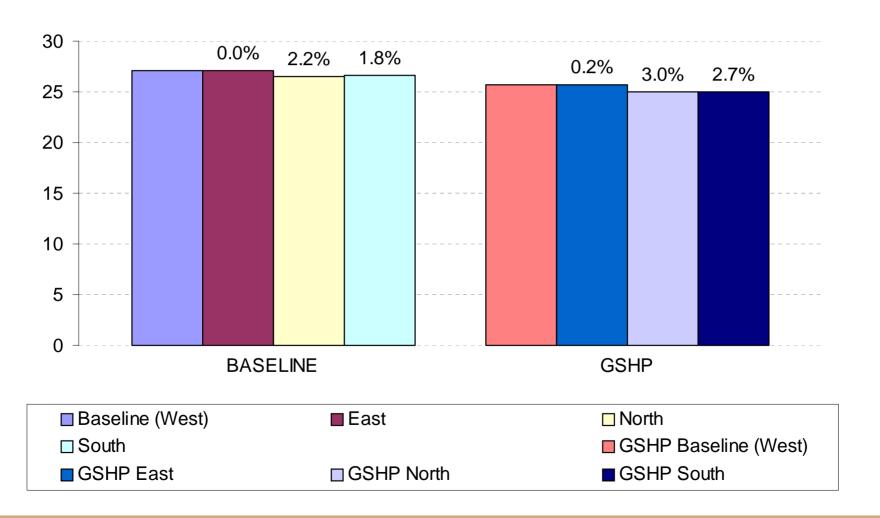


Evaluated Technologies

- Orientation
- Wall Construction: various stud sizes, wood, steel, SIP, ICF
- Insulation: R13 batt, spray foam, ICF, SIP
- Windows: double-glazed, low e vinyl, e film
- Doors: metal insulated, wood frame, removal of French doors, fins
- Overhangs: house, windows
- Roofing: asphalt, rubber, concrete, metal
- Attic Space: R30 blown w/ radiant barrier, vapor retarder, attic fan, radiant barrier drape, R45 blown
- Foundation: slab w/ and w/o insulation, crawl w/ batt, spray and perimeter insulation
- HVAC: heat pump, improved SEER, GSHP, two zone GSHP
- Hot Water: tank, GSHP assist
- Lighting: incandescent, fluorescent, CF, daylighting
- Appliances: Energy Star, high efficiency

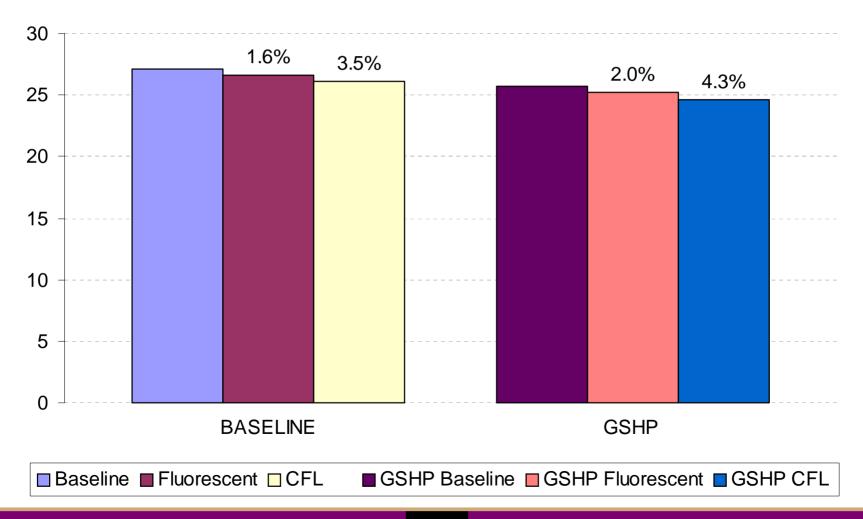
Orientation, Annual Energy Consumption

(1,000 kWh)



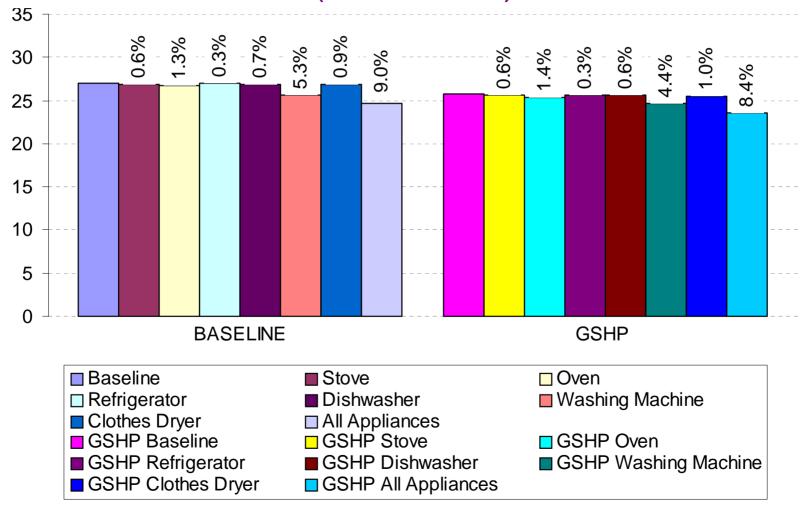
Lighting, Annual Energy Consumption

(1,000 kWh)

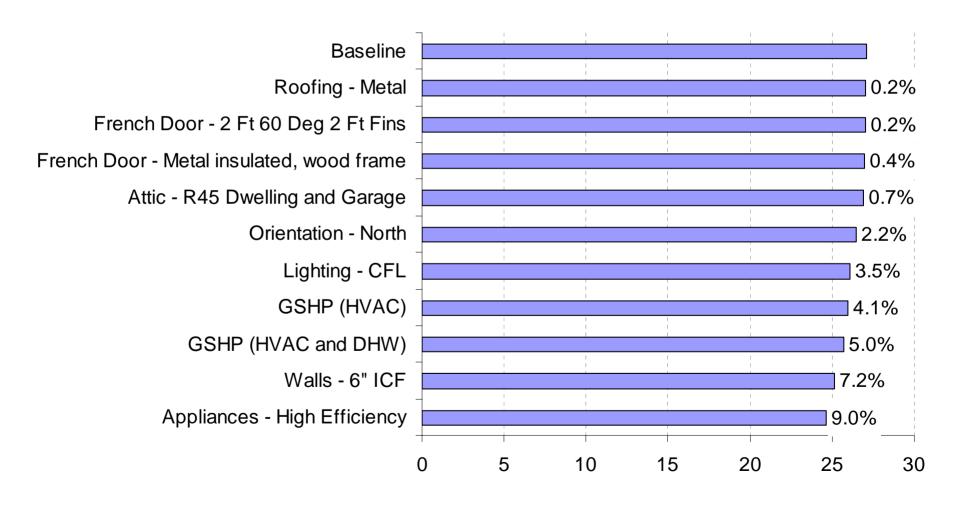


Appliances, Annual Energy Consumption

(1,000 kWh)



Summary of Parametric Savings



Model Issues/Deficiencies

- Software developed for commercial buildings
- Accuracy associated with specific components and systems uncertain
- Little detailed data available for verifying baseline modeling results
- Energy requirements also dependents on behavior of the occupants
- Modeling all possible design options time consuming

Potential Next Steps

- Integrated design process for developing synergies between architecture and mechanical/electrical systems
- Natural day-lighting options
- Dual loop ground source heat pump
- Model south facing windows with overhangs to take advantage of solar gain in winter, and shading summer sun
- Economic feasibility analysis
- Code review to determine minimum requirements for building envelope and mechanical/electrical systems

Questions

NDCEE Sustainability Installations Initiatives Task Near Zero Energy Housing at Ft. Campbell Energy Modeling Results

Ms. Anne Kaltenhauser, *CTC*/NDCEE (502) 897-7815 kaltenha@ctc.com

Dr. Chris Rewerts, US Army CERL (217) 373-5825

chris.rewerts@us.army.mil

Stakeholders

■ NDCEE Executive Agent Mr. Tad Davis, DASA (ESOH)

■ NDCEE Program Director Mr. Hew Wolfe, ODASA (ESOH)

NDCEE Program Manager
Dr. Charles Lechner, ODASA
(ESOH)

Government Technical Monitor
Dr. Chris Rewerts, US Army
CERL

■ NDCEE Team Members Ms. Anne Kaltenhauser, *CTC* Dr. Shannon Lloyd, *CTC*

Mr. Pete Spinelli, CTC

This work was funded through the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Installations and Environment) and conducted under contract W74V8H-04-D-0005, Task N.0440.