



DoD Advanced
Planning Briefing
for Industry

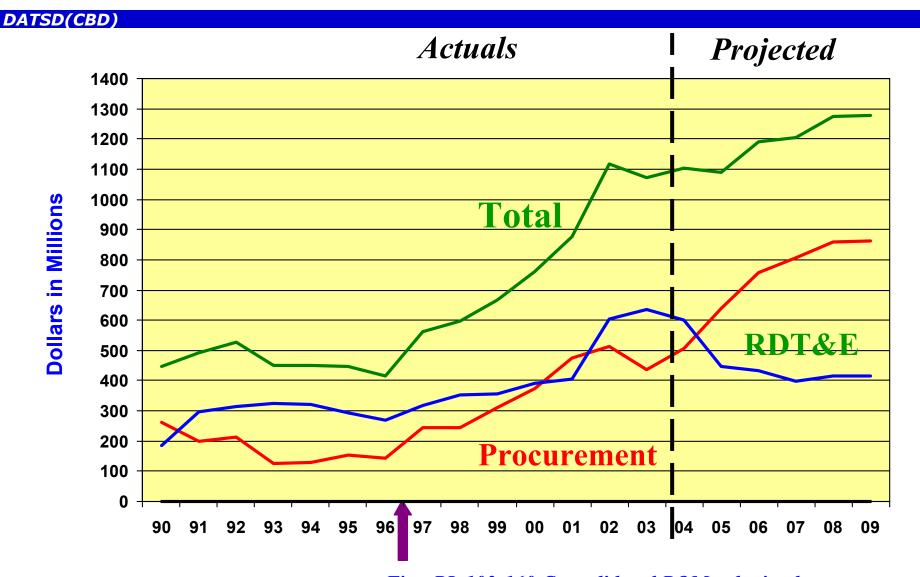


Anna Johnson- Winegar, Ph.D.

Deputy Assistant to the Secretary of Defense for Chemical/Biological Defense

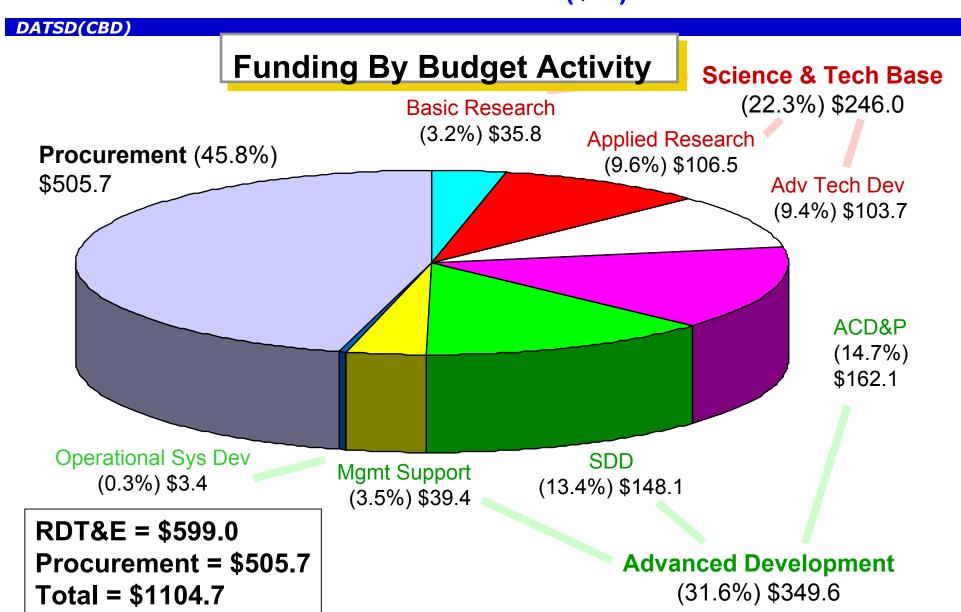
April 8, 2003

DoD CB Defense Program Historical Perspective- Funding – FY04 PB

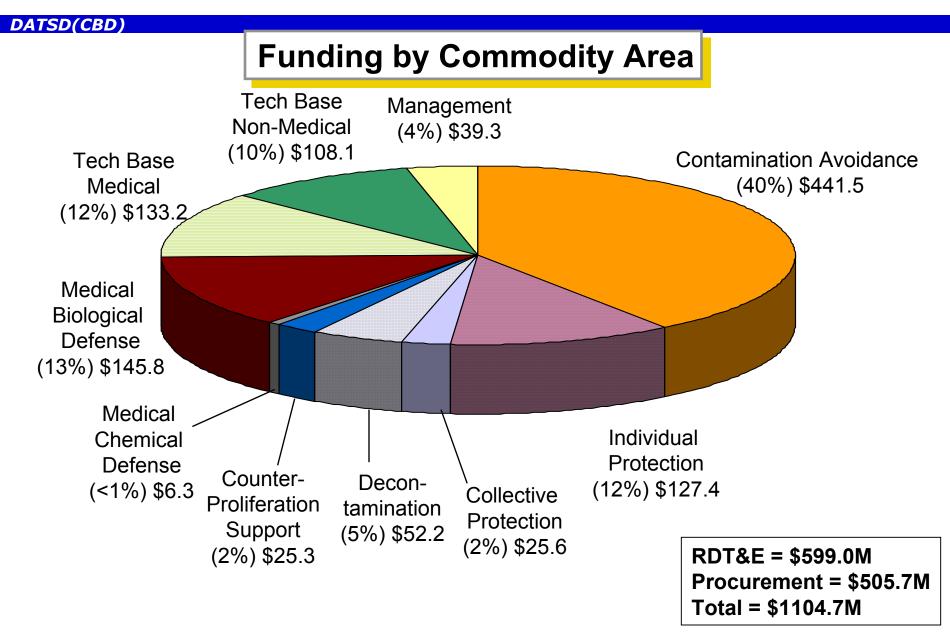


Fiscal Year First PL 103-160 Consolidated POM submitted

DoD Chemical/Biological Defense Program FY2004 PB (\$M)



DoD Chemical/Biological Defense Program FY2004 (\$M)- President's Budget Request



Highlights FY04 CBDP Budget Request

DATSD(CBD)

Decrease in RDT&E from FY03 levels

- \$634M (FY03) to \$599M (FY04)
 - Overall decrease due to loss of approximately \$387M of Homeland Security funds- now transferred to Department of HLS.
 - Significant congressional adds to technology base for:
 - Chem and bio medical countermeasures
 - CB detection and sensors
 - Decontamination technologies
 - CB Initiative Fund (\$25M)

Increase in Procurement from FY03 levels

- \$437M (FY03) to \$506M (FY04)
 - Overall increase partly due to additional funding for:
 - CB Installation Protection (\$78M)
 - Joint Biological Point Detection System (\$66M)- supports fielding of additional Bio Detection Companies

Chemical/Biological Defense Program Program Drivers: Joint Future Operational Capabilities

DATSD(CBD)

- Derived from Joint Vision 2020 Strategy
- Developed by the Joint Staff and the Joint Requirements Office
- Focused on the far-term (2007 to 2025)
- Built from Service Future Operational Capabilities
- Compiled into a common architecture
- Approved by Service representatives
- Provides major and sub-criteria capabilities required by users – guide S&T programs
- Intelligence assessments provide critical input for developing CB defense warfighting capabilities that respond to validated threats

♦ Battlespace Management

- Battlespace Information Management
- Battlespace Analysis & Planning

♦ Contamination Avoidance

- Early Warning
- Medical & Environmental Surveillance
- Point Detection

♦ Individual Protection

- Medical Prophylaxis
- Respiratory Protection
- Percutaneous Protection

♦ Restoration

- Equip/Facilities/Area Decon
- Medical Diagnosis
- Personnel/Casualty Decon
- Medical Treatment

♦ Collective Protection

- Transportable Collective Protection
- Fixed Site Collective Protection
- Mobile Collective Protection

Future Procurements Supporting Improved Warfighter Capabilities

An Integrated Approach to Counter the Threat

DATSD(CBD)

Sustained Combat Power

CB Threats & Hazards

Downwind

Doses **Absorbed**

Symptoms

Agent **Delivery** Doses on Target**Dispersal**



Medical Pretreatment



Individual & Collective Protection

Medical Treatment



Contamination Avoidance & NBC Battle Management (Detection, Identification, **Reconnaissance & Warning)**

Decontamination. Restoration



Contamination Avoidance: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

DATSD(CBD)

Biological Detection

—Joint Bio Standoff Detector System (JBSDS)

 Standoff detector, ranging, tracking and discrimination (bio versus non-bio) of BW aerosol clouds for advanced warning, reporting and protection.



JBSDS Early Prototype

—Joint Biological Point Detection System (JBPDS)

- Modular Bio point detection suite integrated on service platforms to replace BIDS and IBAD
- Identify BW agent with 15 min or less after detection
- Full automated detect/identification operation





Contamination Avoidance: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

DATSD(CBD)

Chemical Stand-Off/Remote Detection

- Joint Service Lightweight Standoff Chemical Agent Detector (JSLSCAD)
 - Range up to 5 km; Capable of remote, aerial, and on-the-move operation



Detection and quantification of chemical agents to 20 km





ARTEMIS

Warning and Reporting

- Joint Warning and Reporting Network (JWARN).
 Comprehensive analysis and response capability to:
 - Interface with all NBC detectors and sensors & interoperability with all service Command and Control (C2) systems
 - Generate NBC reports, and automatically transmit NBC alarm and data
 - Vehicle or man-portable operations



Contamination Avoidance: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

DATSD(CBD)

- Chemical Point Detection/Monitoring/Recon
 - Joint Chemical Agent Detector (JCAD)
 - Small, lightweight detector to detect, identify, quantify and warn of low levels of CW vapors



JCAD

- NBC Recon Vehicle (NBCRV)
 - Armored NBC Recon with improved detection (JSLSCAD for stand-off chemical, CBMS for bio),
 - Equip Army future Brigade Combat Teams
- Joint Service Lightweight NBCRS
 - NBC recon/combat hazard information
 - Used by Marine Ground Task Forces, Air Force tactical forces, and Army Light Contingency forces
 - Two variants, HMMWV and LAV





Individual Protection: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

DATSD(CBD)

Respiratory Protection

- Joint Service General Purpose Mask (JSGPM)
- Joint Service Aviation Mask (JSAM)
 - Continuous CB protection for aviators in all Services
- Joint Service Mask Leakage Tester (JSMLT)
 - Check serviceability of masks in field, fit factor validation



JSAM



JSGPM

Percutaneous Protection (Clothing)

- Joint Service Lightweight Integrated Suit Technology (JSLIST)
 - Multiservice efforts to provide improved chemical protection, including overgarments, boots, gloves, and other mission essential protective clothing
- Joint Protective Aircrew Ensemble (JPACE)





Collective Protection: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

DATSD(CBD)

Collective Protection System Amphibious Backfit

 CPS is integrated with the ship's heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning (HVAC) systems and provides filtered supply air for over-pressurization of specified shipboard zones to keep toxic contamination from entering protected spaces. CPS eliminates the need for the ship's crew to wear protective gear (i.e., suits, masks)

Chemical/Biological Protective Shelter (CBPS)

 Highly mobile, rapidly deployable shelter system designed to be used for Echelon I and II forward area medical treatment facilities



Joint Collective Protection Equipment (JCPE)

 Provides insertion of technology improvements to existing equipment; filtration, shelter materials and environmental controls









Medical Capabilities: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

- Joint Vaccine Acquisition Program (JVAP)
 - JVAP initiated to develop, ensure FDA licensure, produce, and store biological defense vaccines to protect U.S Forces against the threat of biological warfare.



- Joint Biological Agent Identification and Diagnostic System (JBAIDS)
 - Rapidly confirm and identify BW and Infectious Disease agents in both environmental and clinical specimens.



JBAIDS

- Transition chemical defense products into Service O&M buys:
 - ATNAA- Antidote Treatment-Nerve Agent Auto-Injector
 - PB- Pyristogmine Bromide
 - SERPACWA- Skin Exposure Reduction Past Against Chemical Agents



ATNAA



SERPACWA

Decontamination: Key Capabilities To Be Procured FY04-09

- Modular Decontamination System (MDS)
 - Provides high pressure water for the primary wash process
 - Mechanically dispense and scrub decontaminant



- Joint Service Family of Decon Systems (JSFDS)
 - Capability to decontaminate large fixed site
- Joint Service Sensitive Equipment Decontamination (JSSED)
 - Provides first-time capability to decon sensitive electronics, avionics, electro-optic equipment and vehicle interiors
- Sorbent Decontamination System (SDS)
 - Provides a reactive sorbent for immediate equipment wipedown





JSSED



Homeland Defense and Consequence Management Chemical/Biological Defense Initiatives





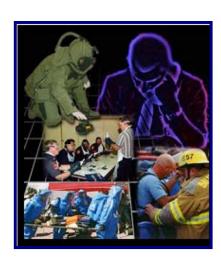


FY 03 Bio Defense Homeland Security Support Program

- In FY03 Congress provided additional \$420M to support DoD Bio Defense Homeland Security Support Program
 - Bio Counterrorism Research Center Fort Detrick
 - Biological Defense Initiative DTRA
- \$420M no longer in DoD CBDP account.
- DoD awaiting guidance from DHLS concerning execution and follow-on work to support original projects

CB Installation Protection Initiative

- \$32.9M budgeted in FY03 for installation protection equipment
 - Integrated suite of CB sensors and support equipment installed at 9 installations to support a "CONUS Pilot Protection Project".
- For FY04-09 the CB Installation/Force Protection Program (CBIFPP) funded: (FY04- \$76.6M, FY05-\$101.8M-procurement)
 - Provides CBIFPP equipment for 15 installations in FY04
- Bio-Detection Equipment consists of :
 - Joint Biological Point Detection System
 - Portal Shield System
 - Manual Dry Filter Unit Samplers
 - Confirmatory Analysis Equipment
- Chemical Detection Equipment consists of:
 - Automatic Chemical Agent Detector and Alarm
 - Joint Chemical Agent Detector



CB Installation Protection Equipment



Dry Filter Unit



Portal Shield Bio Detector





Ruggedized Advanced Pathogen Identification Device (RAPIDS)



Biological Sampling Kit



Hand Held Assays



Remote Data Relays (RDR)



Automatic Chemical Agent Detector and Alarm (ACADA)

Consequence Management - WMD - Civil Support Teams

DATSD(CBD)

- Funding in the DoD CBDP provides resources to complete fielding and modernization of:
 - 32 WMD- Civil Support Teams
 - Reserve Component (RC) Recon and Decon Teams

Program provides full funding for

- Type-classified protection, detection, and training equipment
- Development and fielding of upgraded analytical platforms for the detection,
 identification, and characterization of CB and radiological agents used by terrorists in
 a civilian environment
- Development and fielding of communication capabilities that are interoperable with other federal, state, and local agencies
- Testing and evaluation to ensure that the systems are safe and effective
- Program management funds to successfully execute the CBDP Consequence Management RDA program

Section 1403, FY03 NDAA directs establishment of 23 additional teams

 DoD currently preparing required Congressional report to provide schedule and budget requirements to man, train and equip new teams

Challenges Facing the CBDP

DATSD(CBD)

- Changing threat
- Maintaining current programs to respond to warfighter requirements:

- Balance of competing priorities within current budget authority

Evolving missions

Support to force protection & domestic preparedness
 Enhancing CBD installation force protection

- Executing homeland defense programs as strategy evolves
- Adapting to Power Projection needs
 - Less pre-positioning & logistical tail, but creates new vulnerabilities
- Acceleration of CB defense technologies
 Spinning off appropriate technologies for civilian application