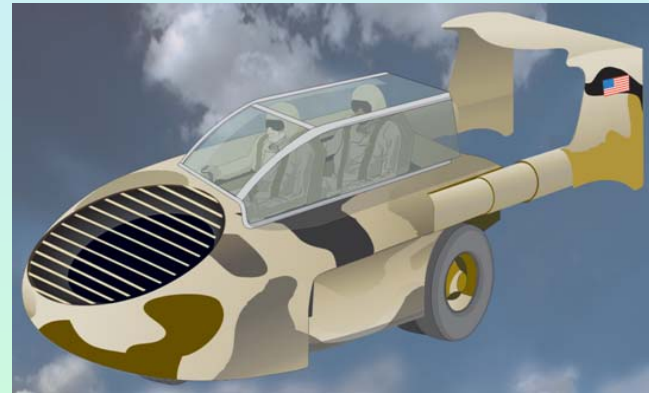
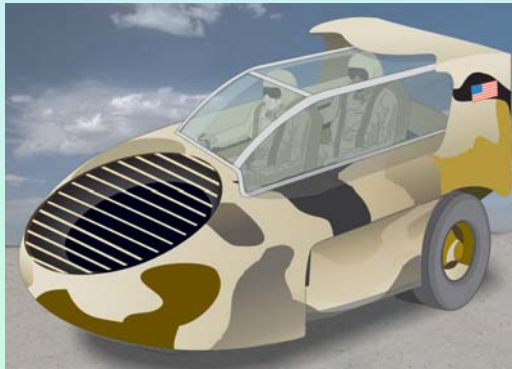


**2007 Worldwide Personnel Recovery Conference**  
January 9-12, 2007, Omni Shoreham Hotel, Washington, DC

**Small V/STOL Optionally Manned UAV  
for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation**



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# Outline

## 1. **Conventional V/STOL Aircraft**

### Some Traditional Solutions and Challenges

Shafts, Gears, Transmissions : the Enemies of V/STOL

## 2. **V/STOL Aircraft : A New Paradigm**

Finding the 'Knee of the Curve' : The Optimum System, Challenges

## 3. **AVX Fans and Lift/Thrust Systems**

50:1 Bypass, 25:1 Thrust/Weight, Low Noise, Low InfraRed Emissions

## 4. **Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV**

for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation

# V/STOL Aircraft with Turbojets / Low-Bypass Fans



Harrier

the noisemaker



DuPont DP-2

Based on the X-14 (First Flight 1957)

Compact Lift System Offers High-Speed Potential, But

High Jet Velocity Raises Dust Clouds, Causes Thundering Noise

High Fuel Consumption Limits Range / Endurance.

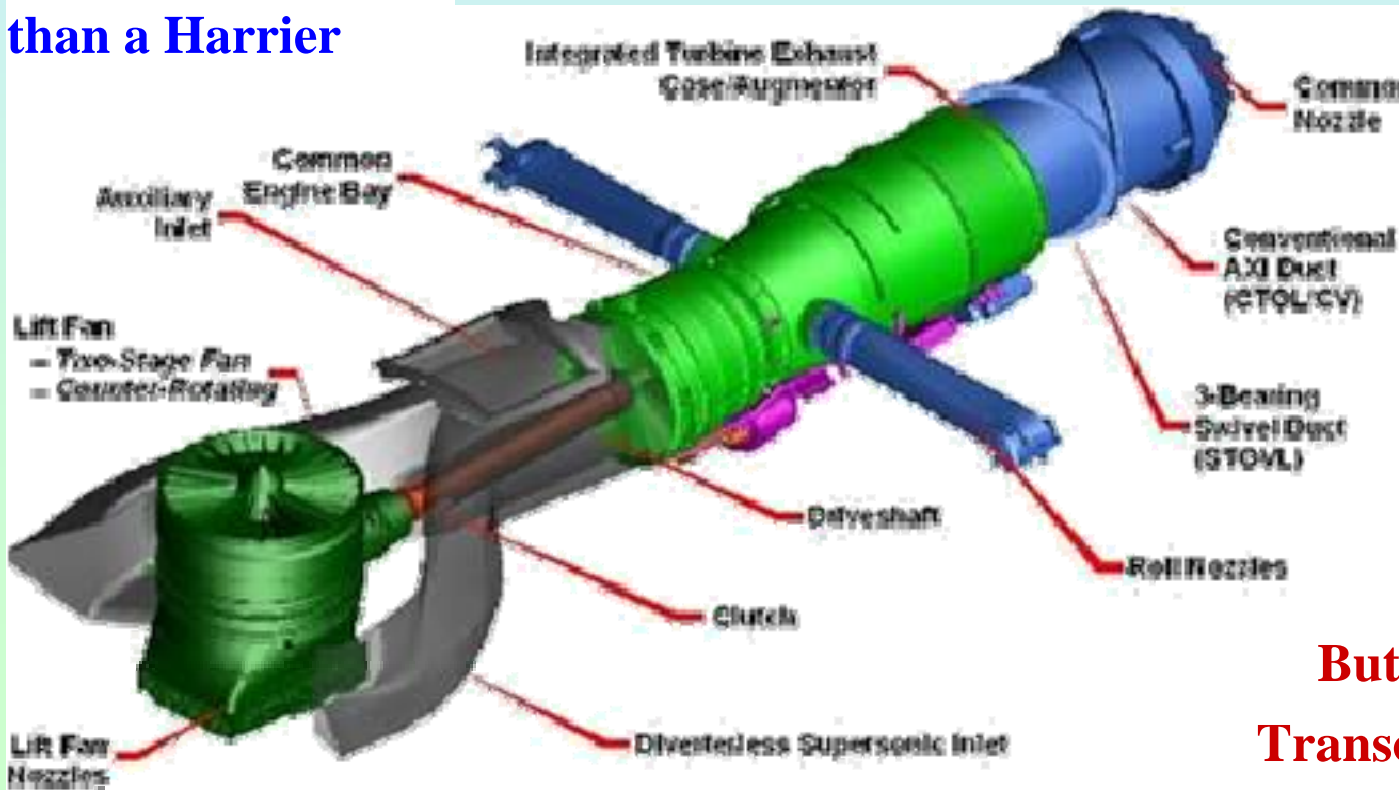
Transonic Exhaust has Greater Louver Losses,

High Fuel Consumption Limits Range / Endurance.

# Lockheed F-35



Much Better  
than a Harrier



But Optimized for  
Transonic Operation

# Helicopters



Look Good on a Golf Course



**But,**

Transonic Tips are Noisy,  
Rotors Beat Up Quite a Storm,  
There is Danger from Wires, Trees, Buildings,  
Cannot be Operated in Urban Areas.

## V-22 Tilt-Rotor



First Flight (XV-3) : 1955  
IOC : 2007 (52 years later!)

Speed and Range are  
Better than Helicopters,

**But,**



Greater Space Claim,  
Danger from Wires / Trees / Buildings,  
Cannot be Operated in Urban Areas,  
Complex, Heavy Transmission System.

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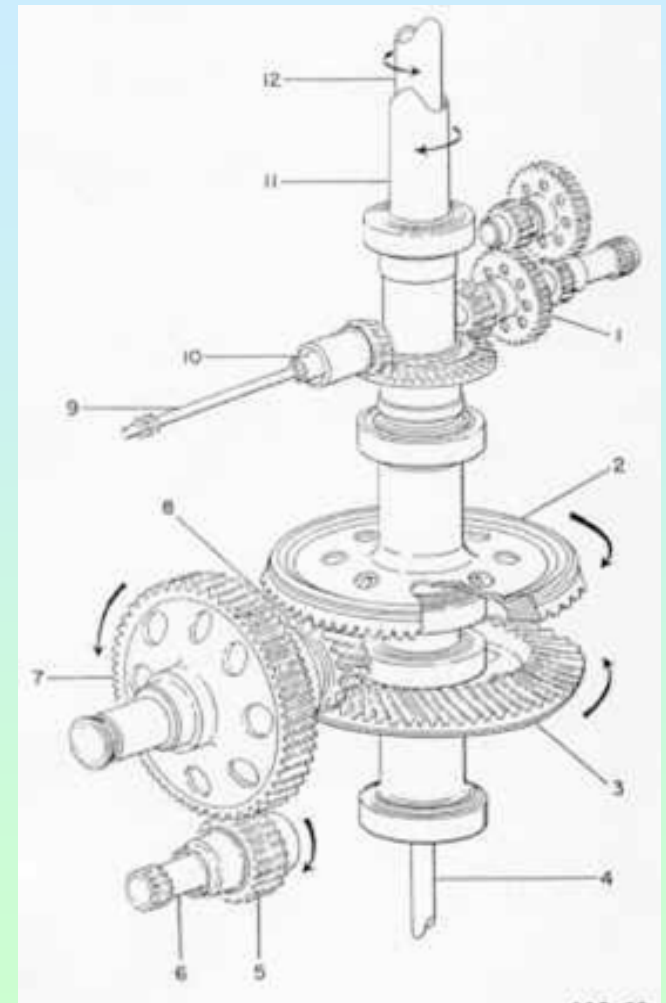
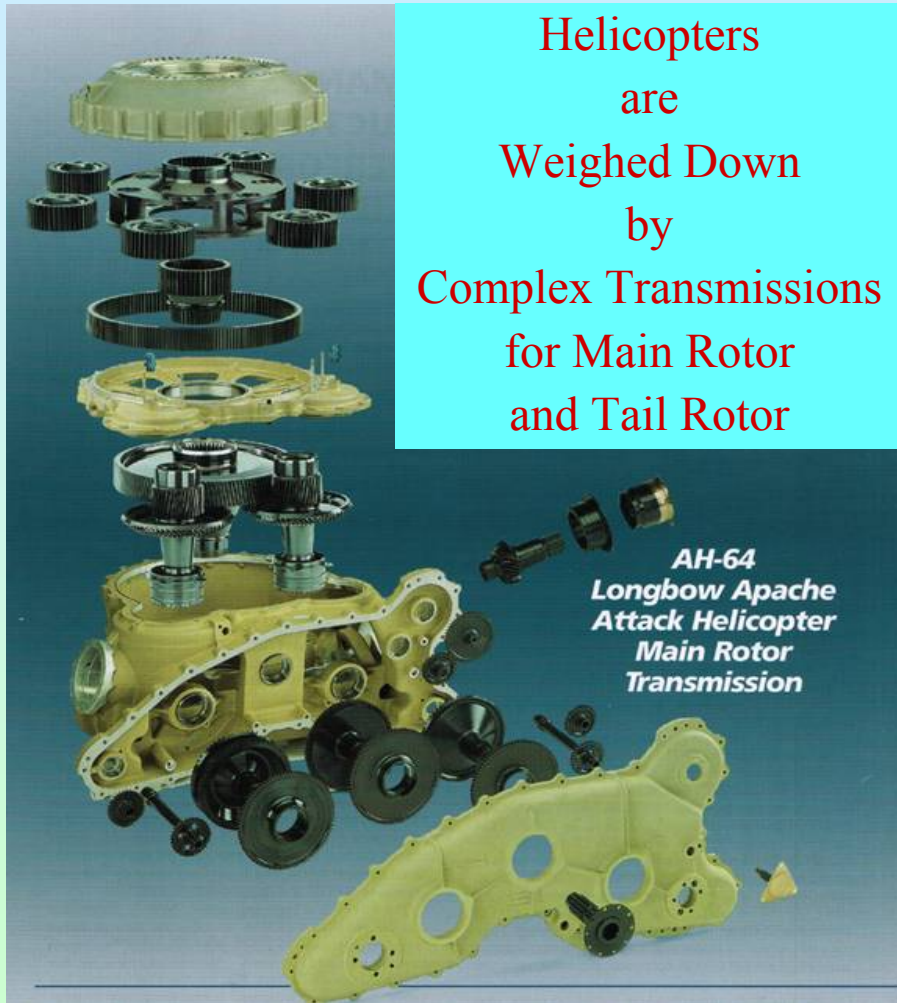
50:1 Bypass, 25:1 Thrust/Weight, Low Noise, Low InfraRed Emissions

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# Shaft, Clutches & Gears : The Enemy of V/STOL

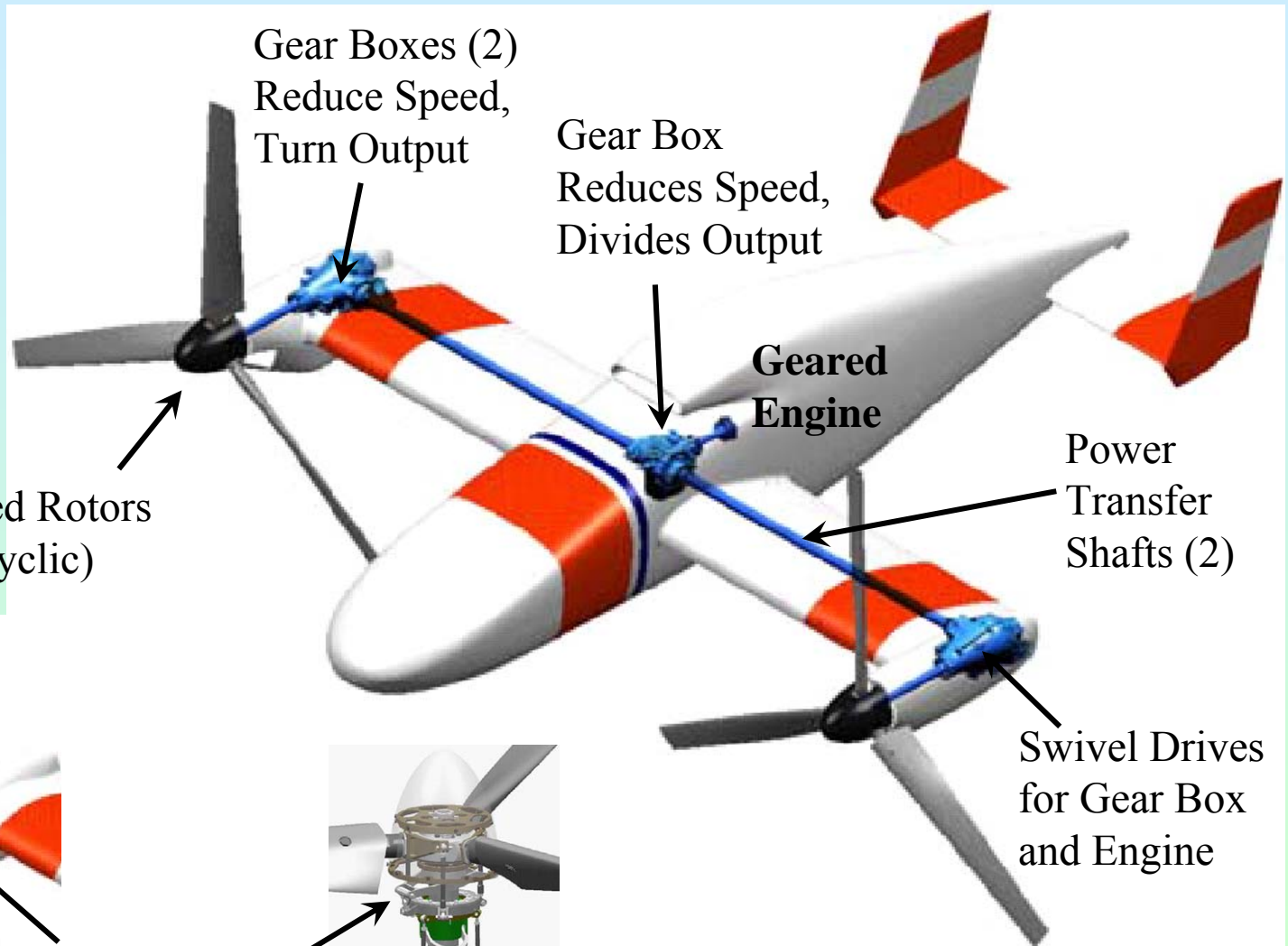
Helicopters  
are  
Weighed Down  
by  
Complex Transmissions  
for Main Rotor  
and Tail Rotor



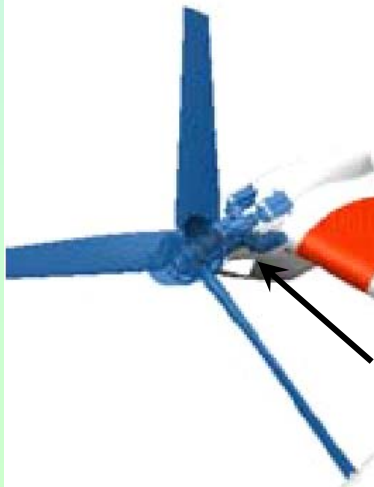
**CH-53E Needs 44 Hours of Maintenance per Flight Hour.**  
(Half-Hour AM Commute Needs 3 Mechanics Working All Day; PM Commute Needs 3 Mechanics Overnight).



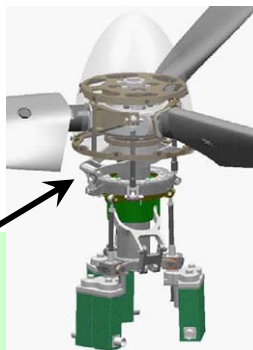
# Shaft, Clutches & Gears : The Enemy of V/STOL



Fully Articulated Rotors  
(Collective + Cyclic)



Prop Drive  
Systems (2)



**“Simple, Reliable System”?**

**Not!**

# Helicopters, Tilt-Rotors and the Next V/STOL Aircraft

## Mechanical Geared Pendulum Watches

Served Us Well, But  
Have Been Replaced by  
More Accurate, Less Expensive  
Quartz Watches.



Lower Cost  
Less Weight  
More Accurate  
+ Compass  
Altimeter  
Barometer  
Thermometer

## Slow, Smelly Horse-Carriages

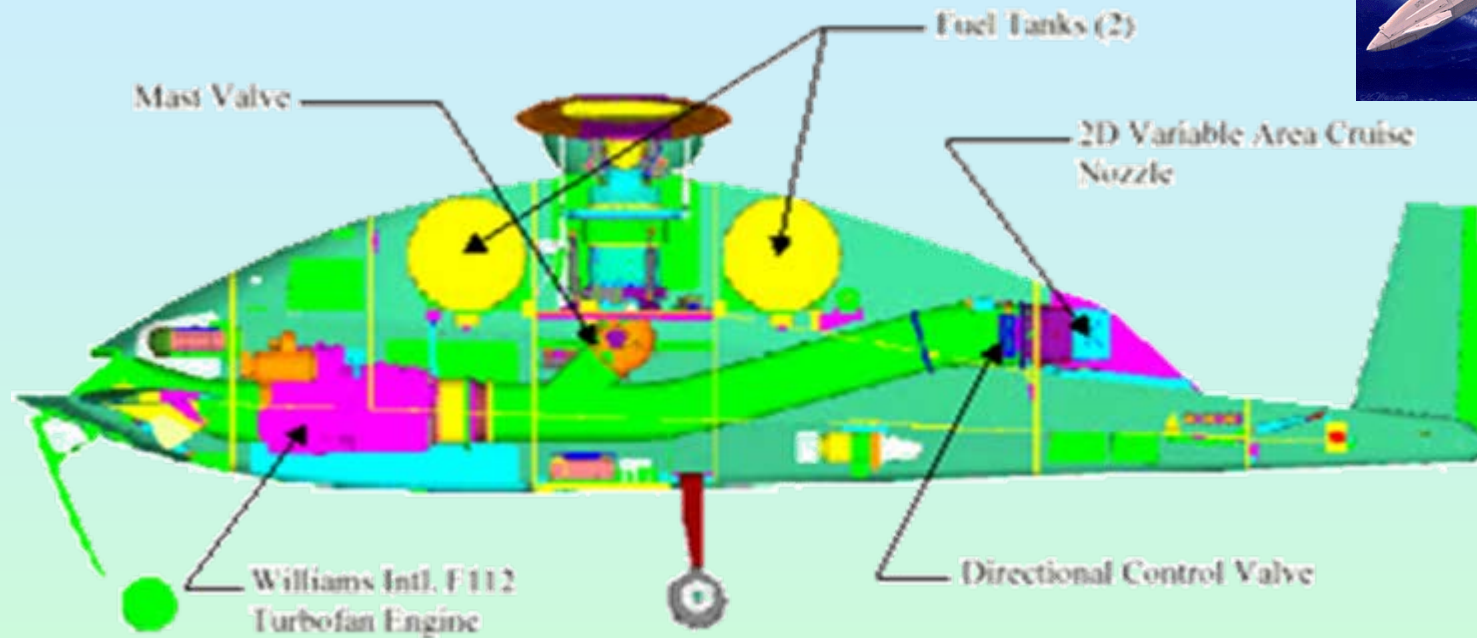
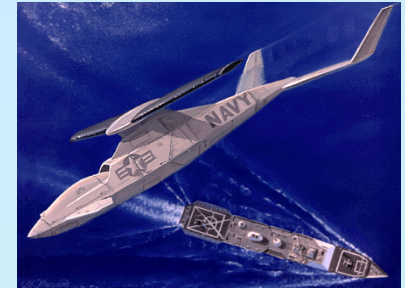
Served Us Well, But  
Have Been Replaced by  
Faster, Easier to Drive,  
Less Expensive Automobiles.



**Helicopters** Too Have Served Us Well, But

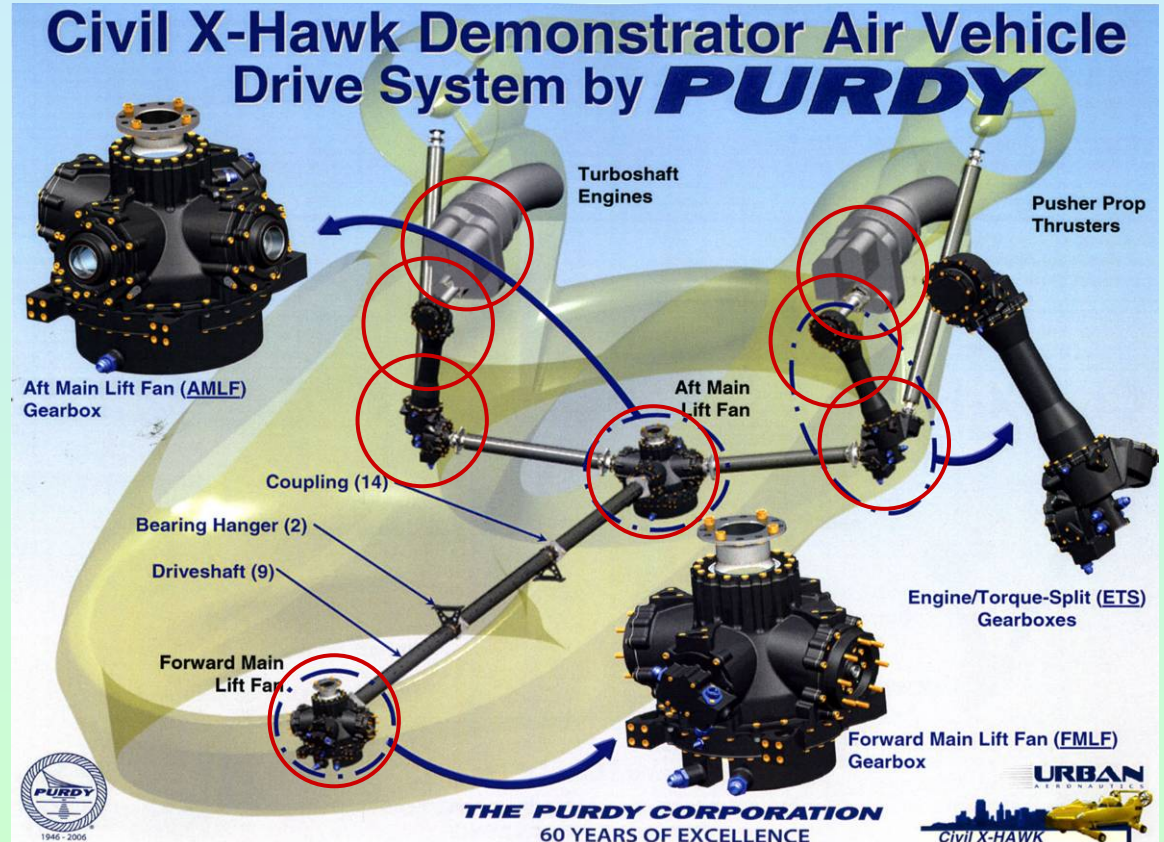
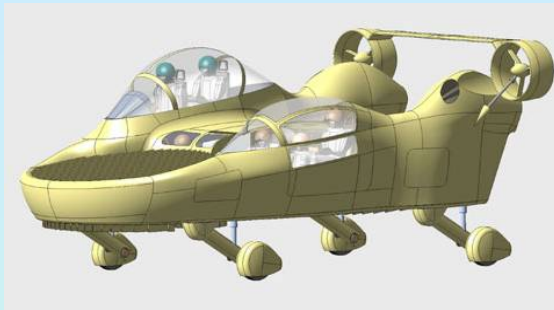
Are Technologies Now Feasible to Replace the Helicopter?

# Boeing Dragonfly Canard Rotor/Wing (CRW) (CRW)



Avoids the Geared Transmissions, Can Achieve Faster Speeds, But Retains Large Rotor (Risk of Collision with Trees / Wires / Buildings / Cities), Retains Rotor Articulation System (Complexity, Increased Losses in Gas Duct). Both Prototypes Have Crashed, The Second due to the Effects of Rotor Downwash on the Aft Fuselage.

# Helicopter in a Box? : The Bell / Urban Aero. X-Hawk



V/STOL Aircraft : *noun. definition :*

A Flock of Gear Boxes in Close Formation Flight, Tied Together by Shafts?

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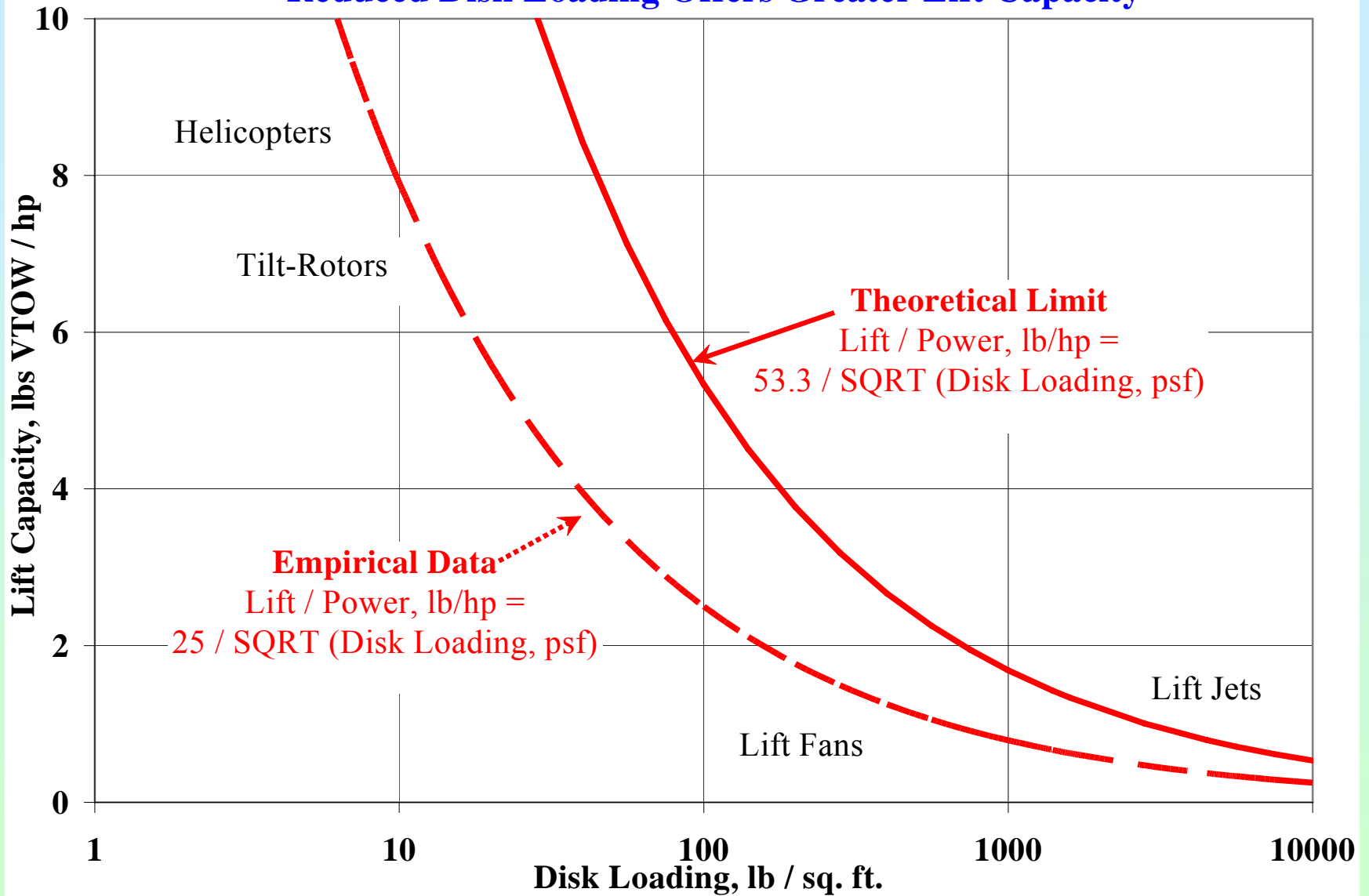
## 3. AVX Fans and Lift/Thrust Systems

50:1 Bypass, 25:1 Thrust/Weight, Low Noise, Low InfraRed Emissions

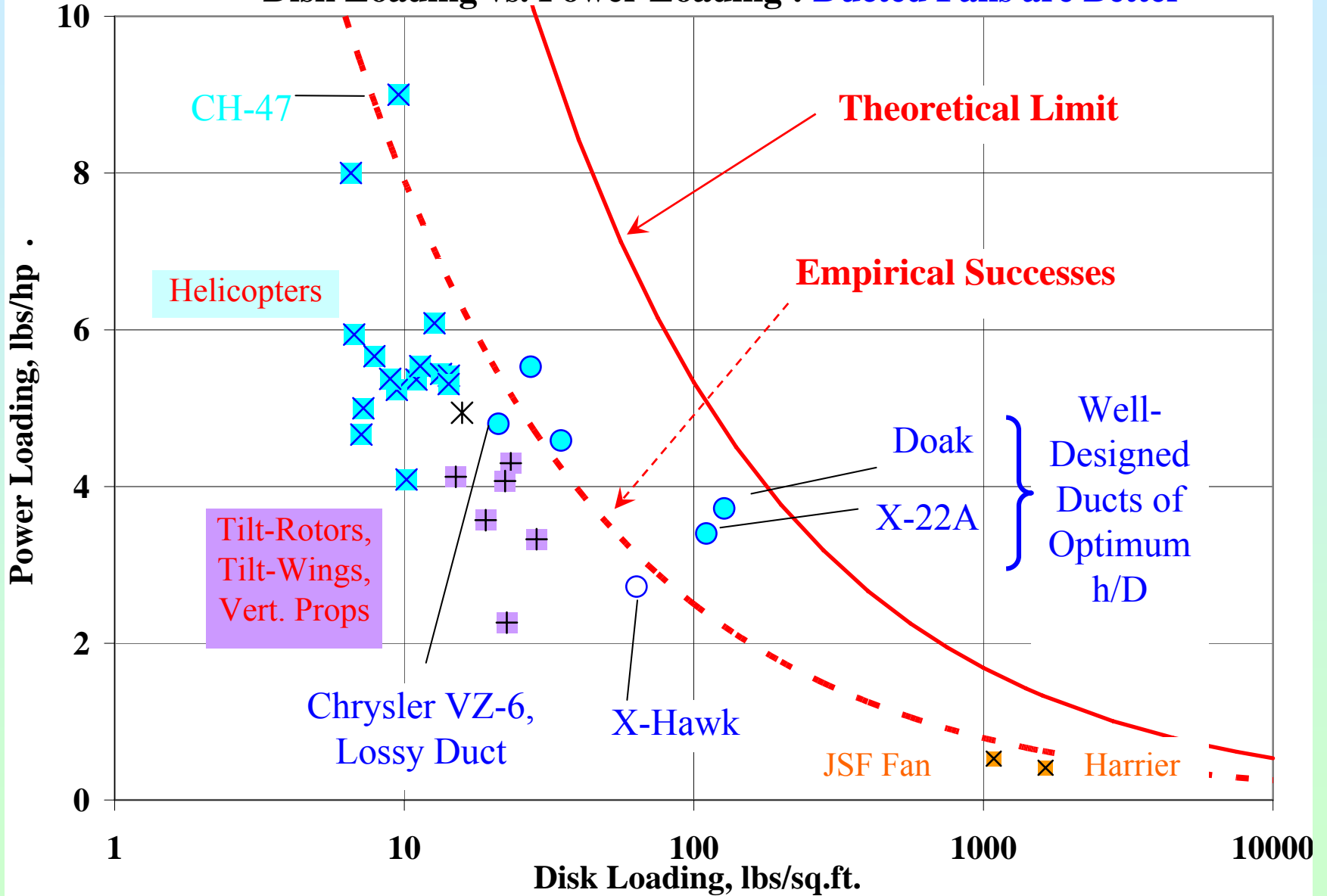
## 4. Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV

for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation

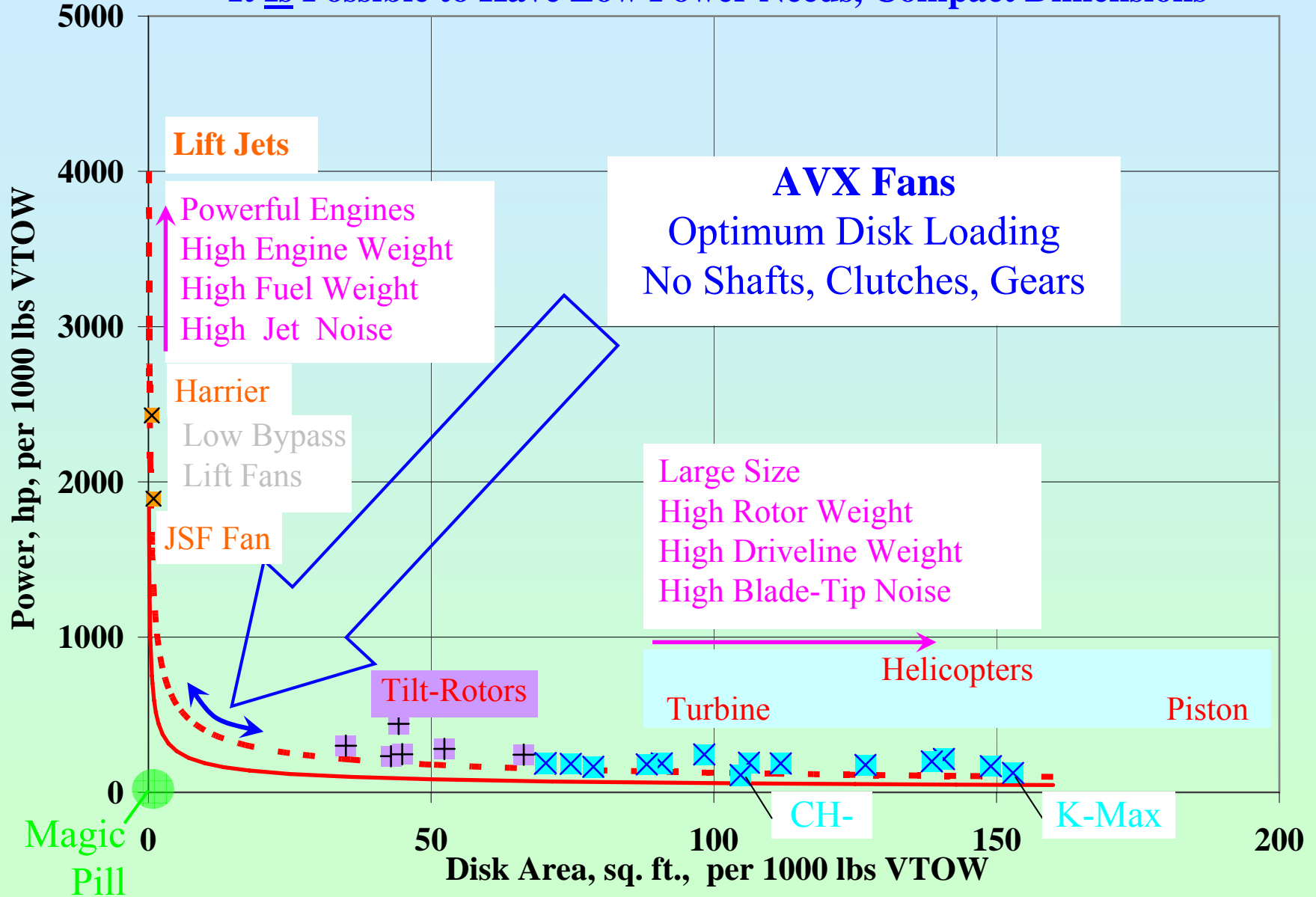
## Reduced Disk Loading Offers Greater Lift Capacity



# Disk Loading vs. Power Loading : Ducted Fans are Better



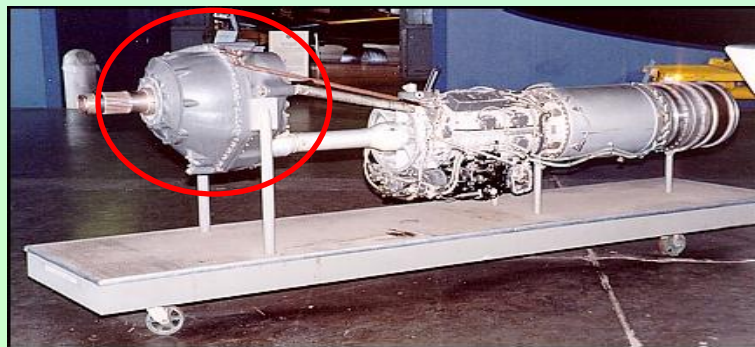
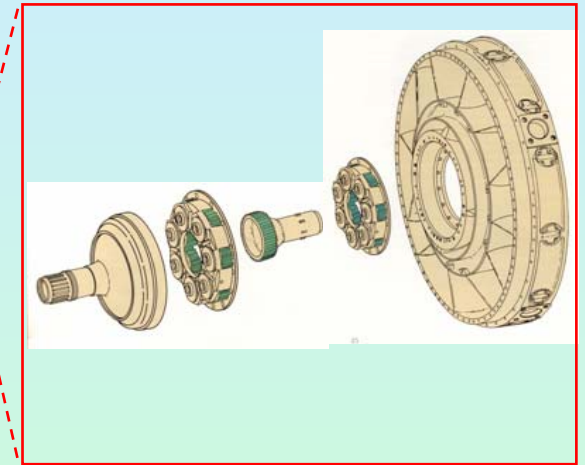
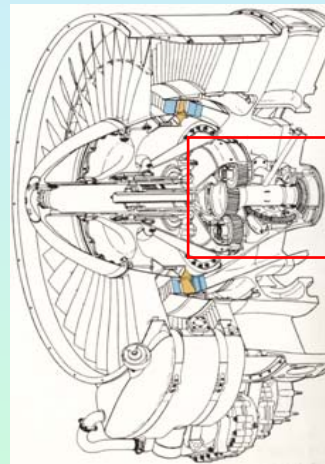
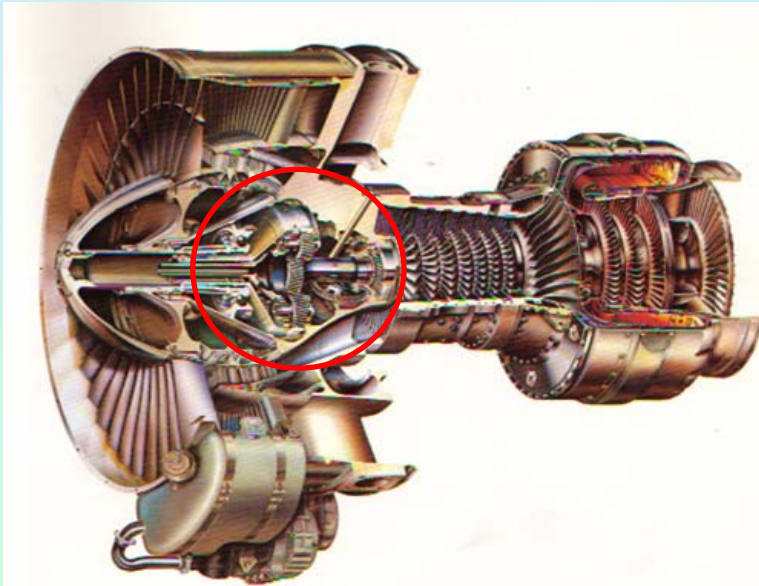
# It is Possible to Have Low Power Needs, Compact Dimensions





# Challenges to Achieving the Optimum Disk Loading:

Conventional Turbo-Fans Are Limited to Moderate Bypass Ratios by the **Need for Gears**



Engines Have Become Lighter, More Compact  
Over Time,  
Gear-Boxes have Not Changed as Much.

# AVX Fans : Scalable Lift / Thrust Systems

Ideal for V/STOL, Air Cushion and Surface Effect Vehicles



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# The AVX Fan™ System

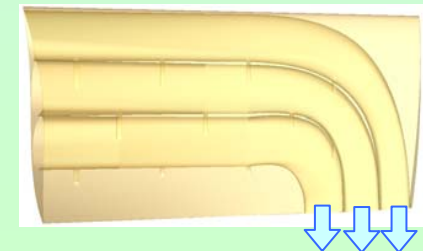
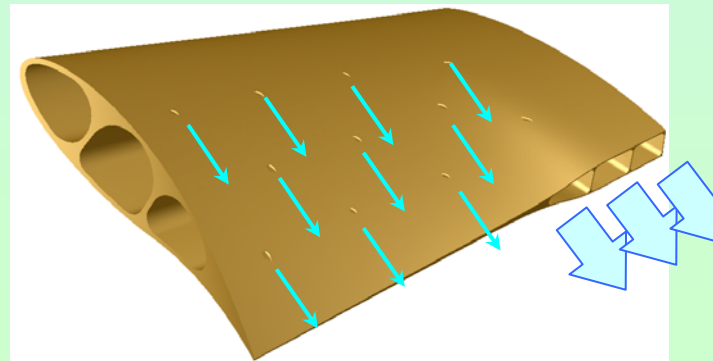
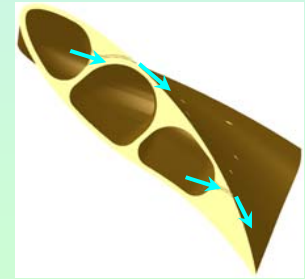
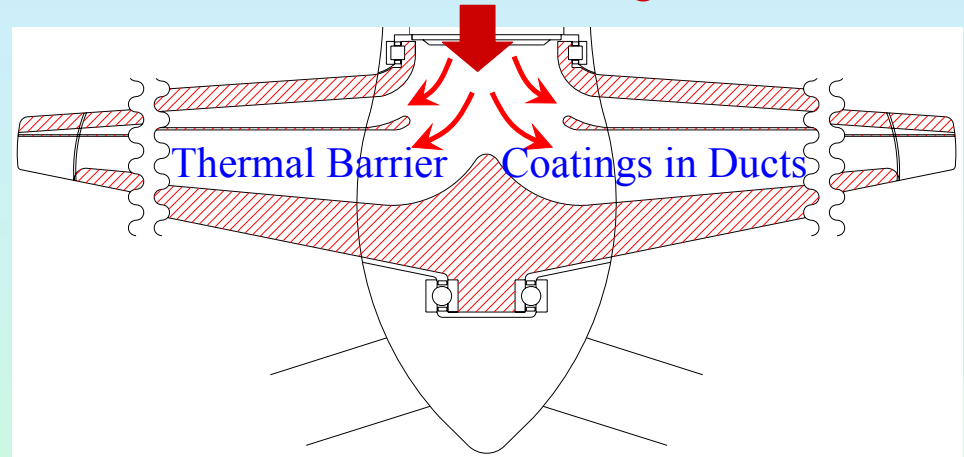
## Eliminates Shafts and Gears, Saves Weight.

Hot Gases from a Core Engine  
Are Effluxed through  
Slots on Upper Surface of Fan Blades,  
Nozzles on Blade Tips.

Fan Blades are Driven by Jet Reaction,  
Have high CL by Slot Blowing.  
Can have low Speed, Low Weight, Low Noise.

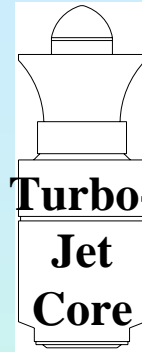
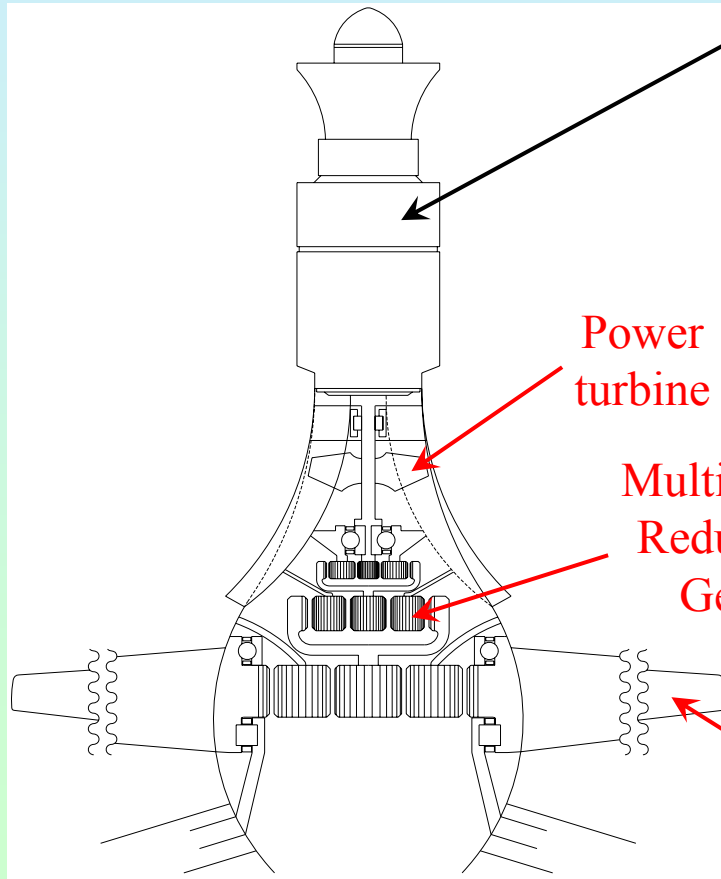
AVX Fans  
are Immune to Stalling,  
Can Tolerate  
Distorted Inlet Flow.

Gases from Core Engine

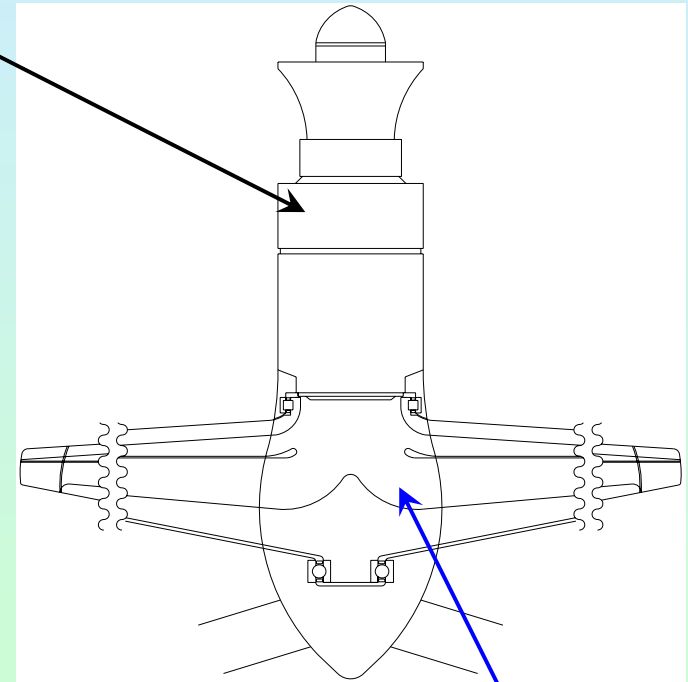


# Geared Fans vs. AVX Fans

**Conventional  
Fan Drive**



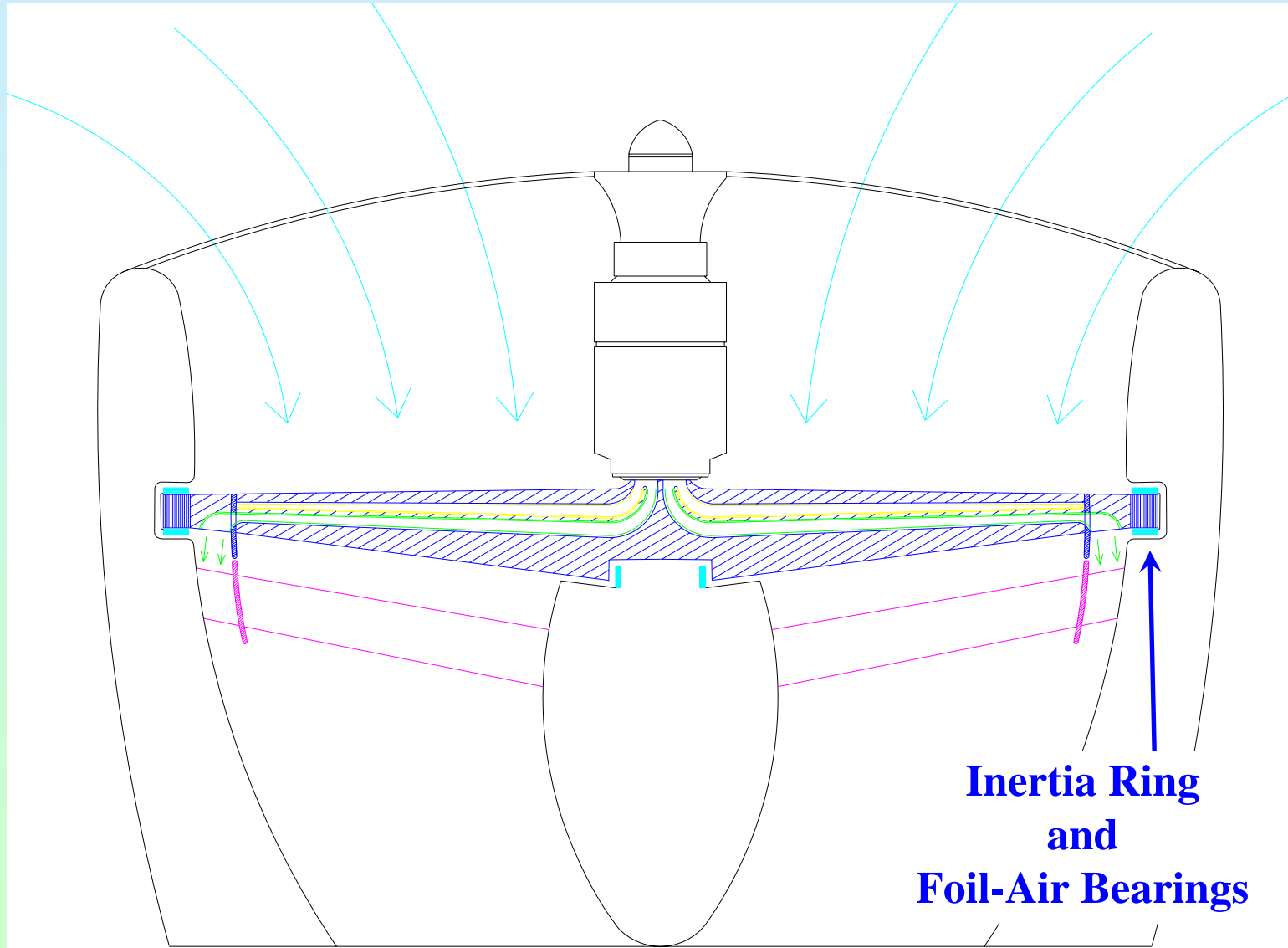
**D-STAR  
Fan Drive**



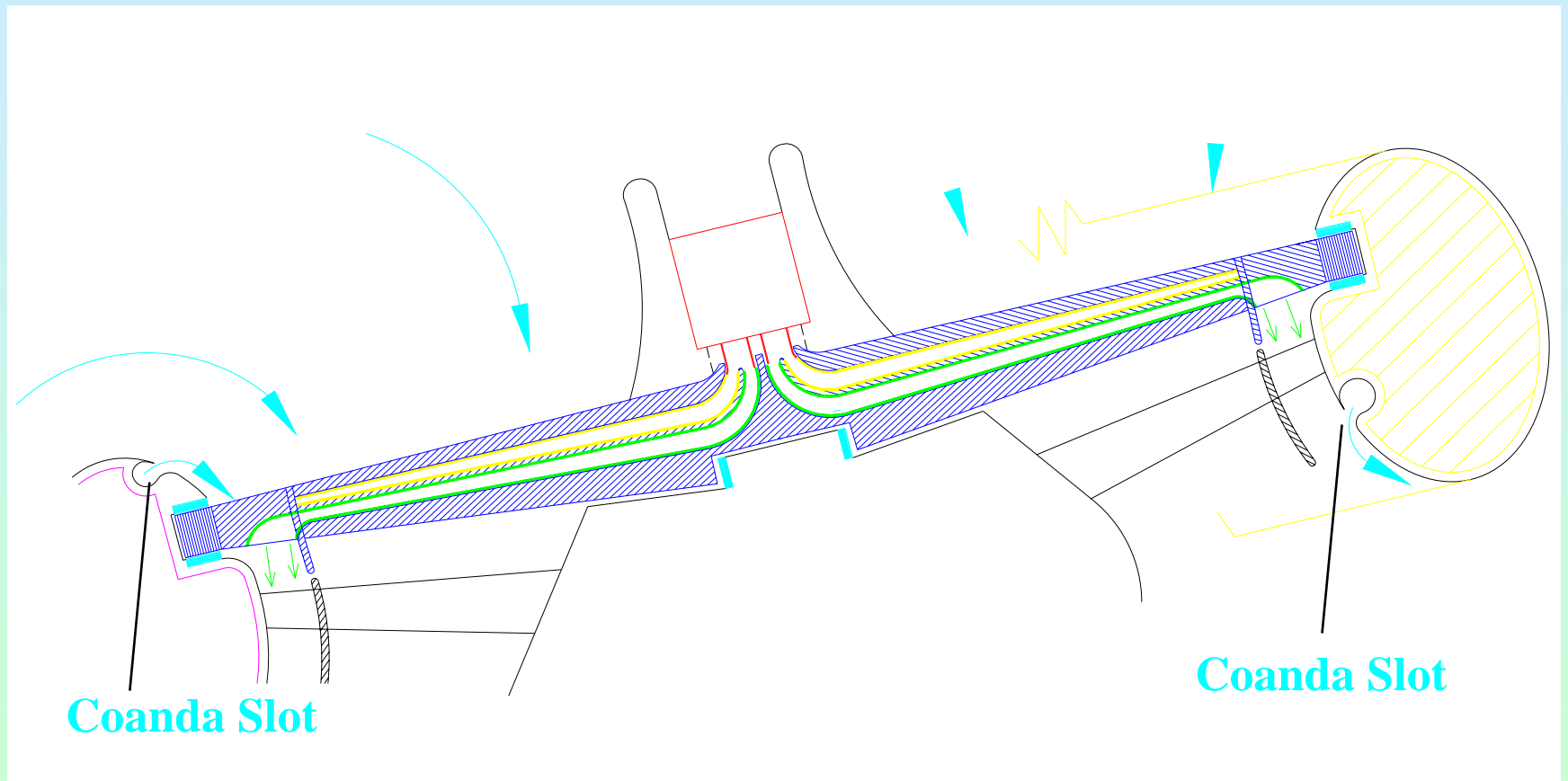
**Geared Fan**

**Direct-drive  
fan**

# D-STAR / Aurayan AVX Fan™ Conceptual Design



# The AVX Fan™ System in Duct with Coanda Slots

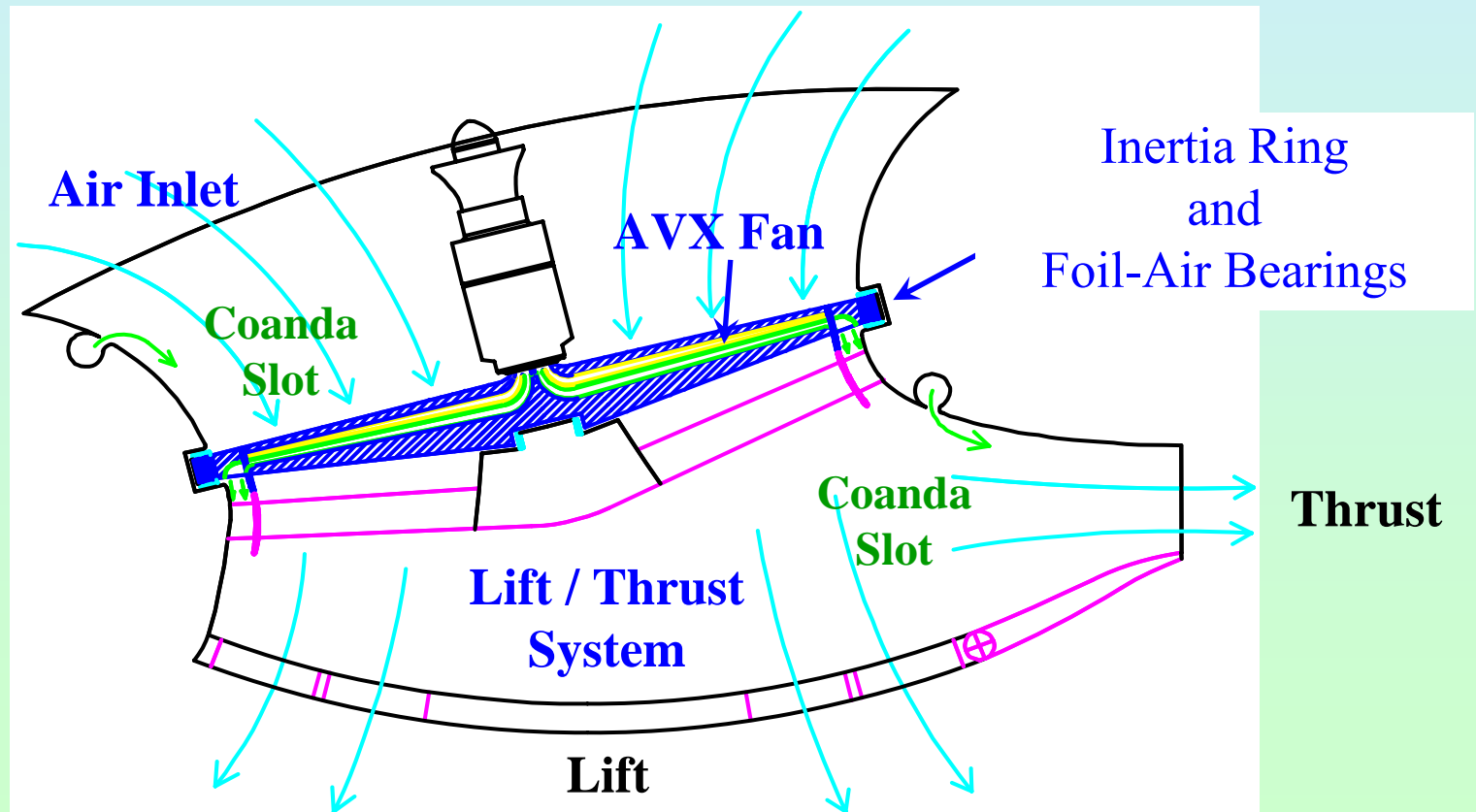


# The D-STAR AVX Fan™ Lift / Thrust System

Engine and Fan are Angled in Duct

Duct has NACA Inlet, Blown Coanda Slot for High-Speed Flow Capture

Duct Exit has Louvers in Belly, Flap in Thrust Nozzle.

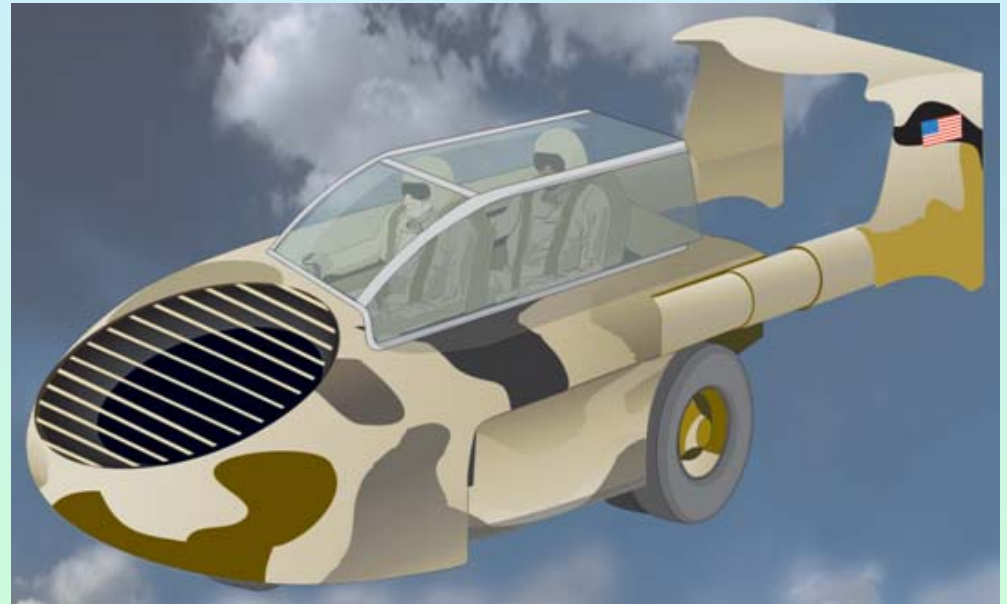
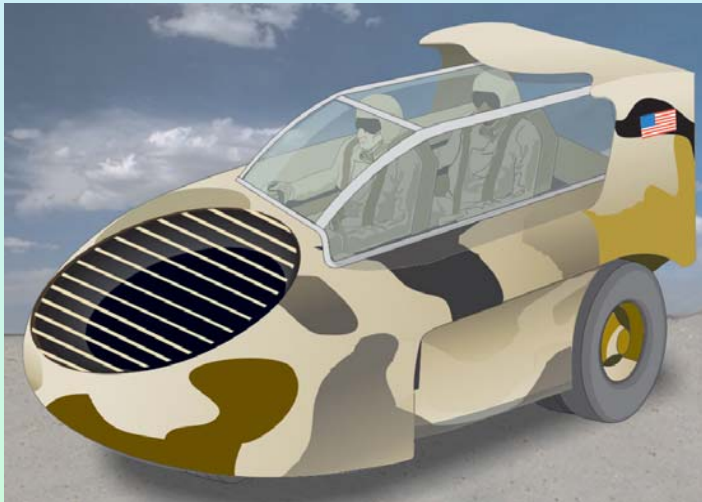




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# Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation



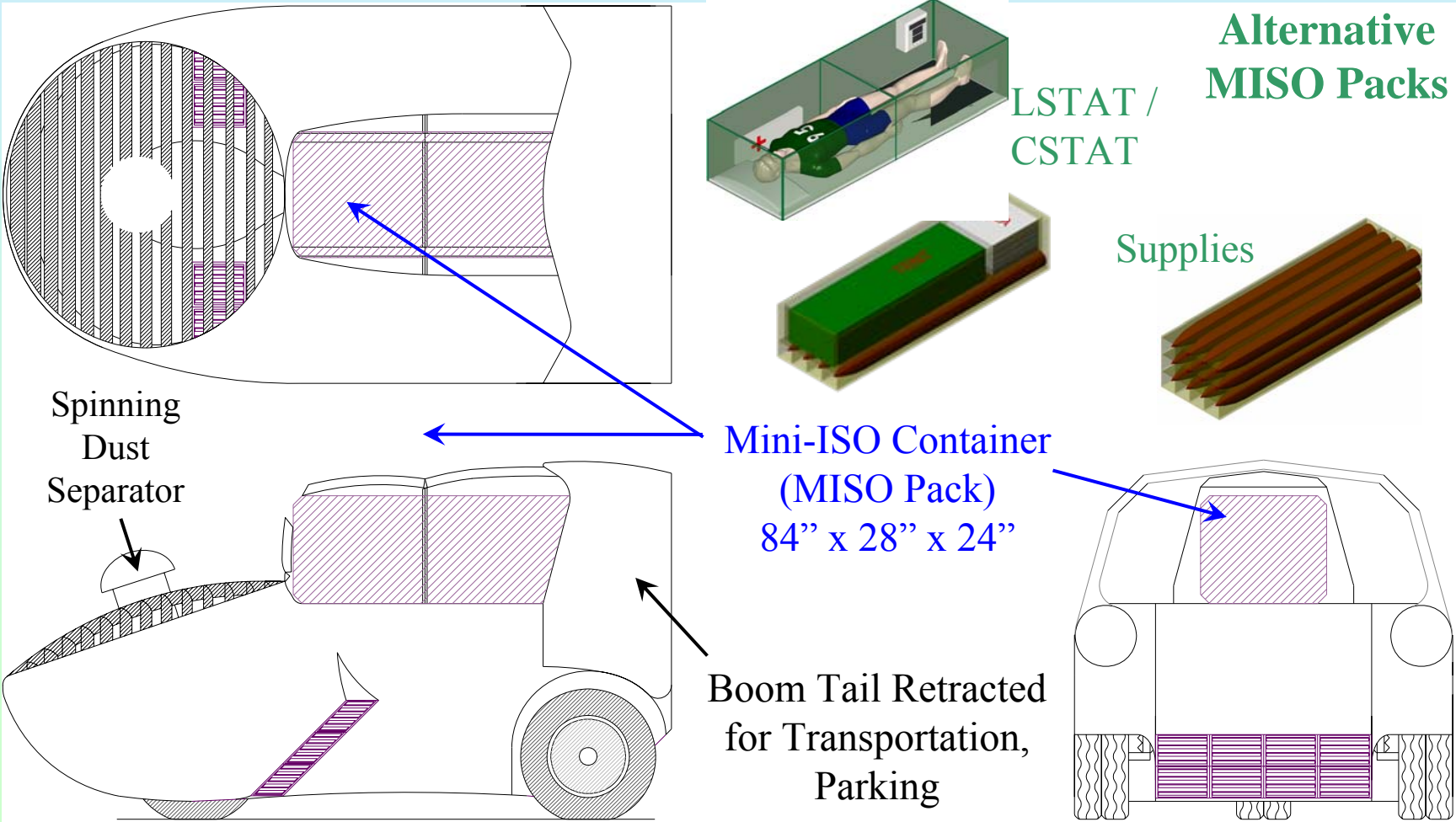
Carry 4 in a C-130, Self Loading / Unloading

Max. Speed 260 knots

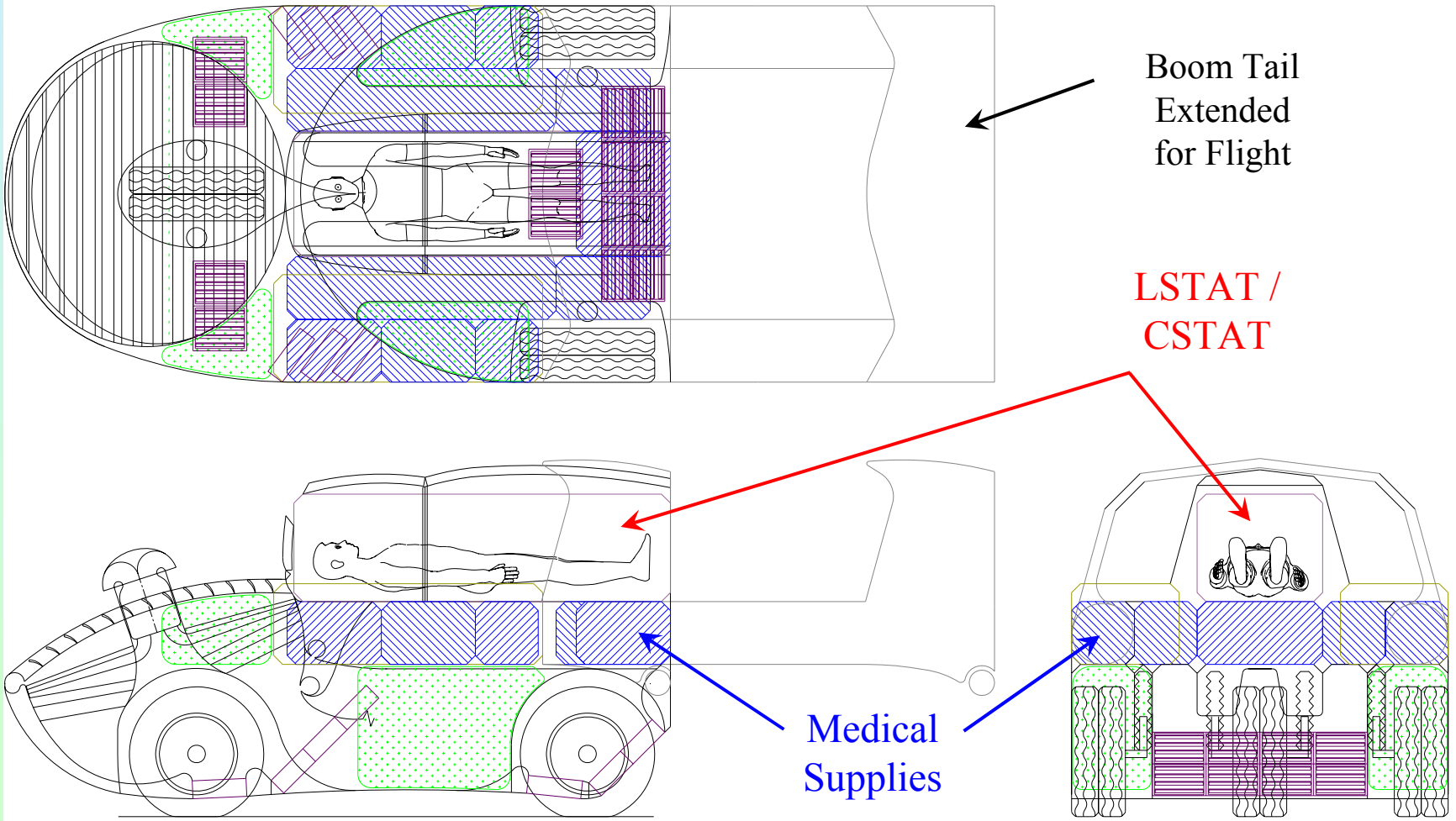
**Range 440 nmiles with 700 lbs., VTO**

Range 820 nmiles with 500 lbs, U-STO

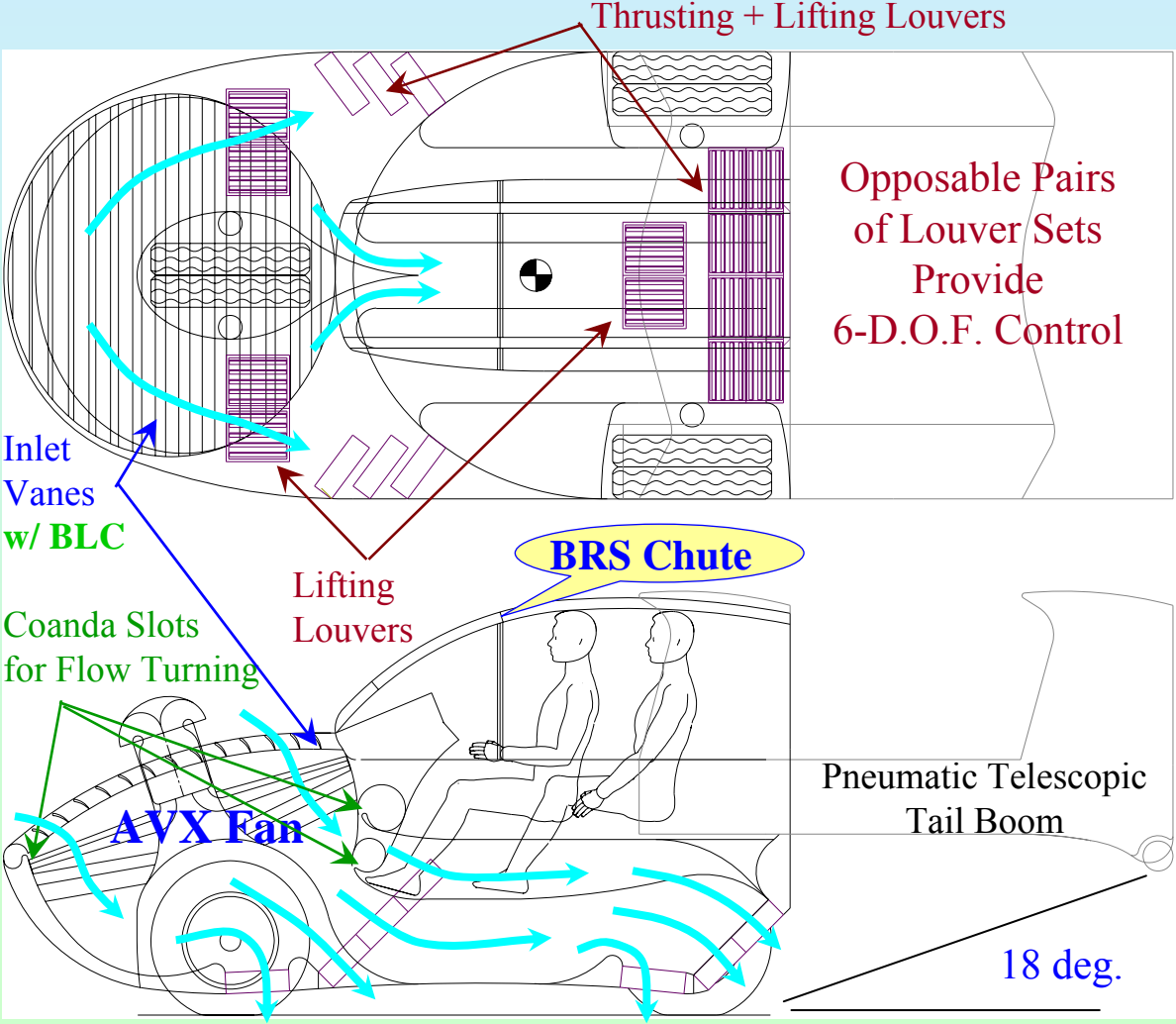
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# Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation

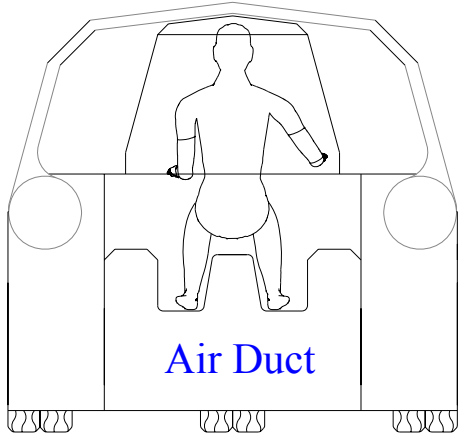


# Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation



Opposable Pairs of Louver Sets Provide 6-D.O.F. Control

Single Turbofan Engine, with High Reliability (No Gears, No Shaft, Oil-Free Lubrication)



# Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation

## AVX-12 : Preliminary Analysis

Weights :      Empty : 600 lbs,      Max. Payload : 700 lbs; Fuel : 700 lbs;  
                 VTOW : 2000 lbs

Dimensions :    Body : 12 ft. 3" L, 7 ft W.

Power :          Core Gas Generator (no fan or output shaft)  
                 from a 800 hp class turbine engine.

Loadings :      Fan Disk : 100 psf; Fan Power : 2.5 lbs/hp; Planform Area : 25 psf

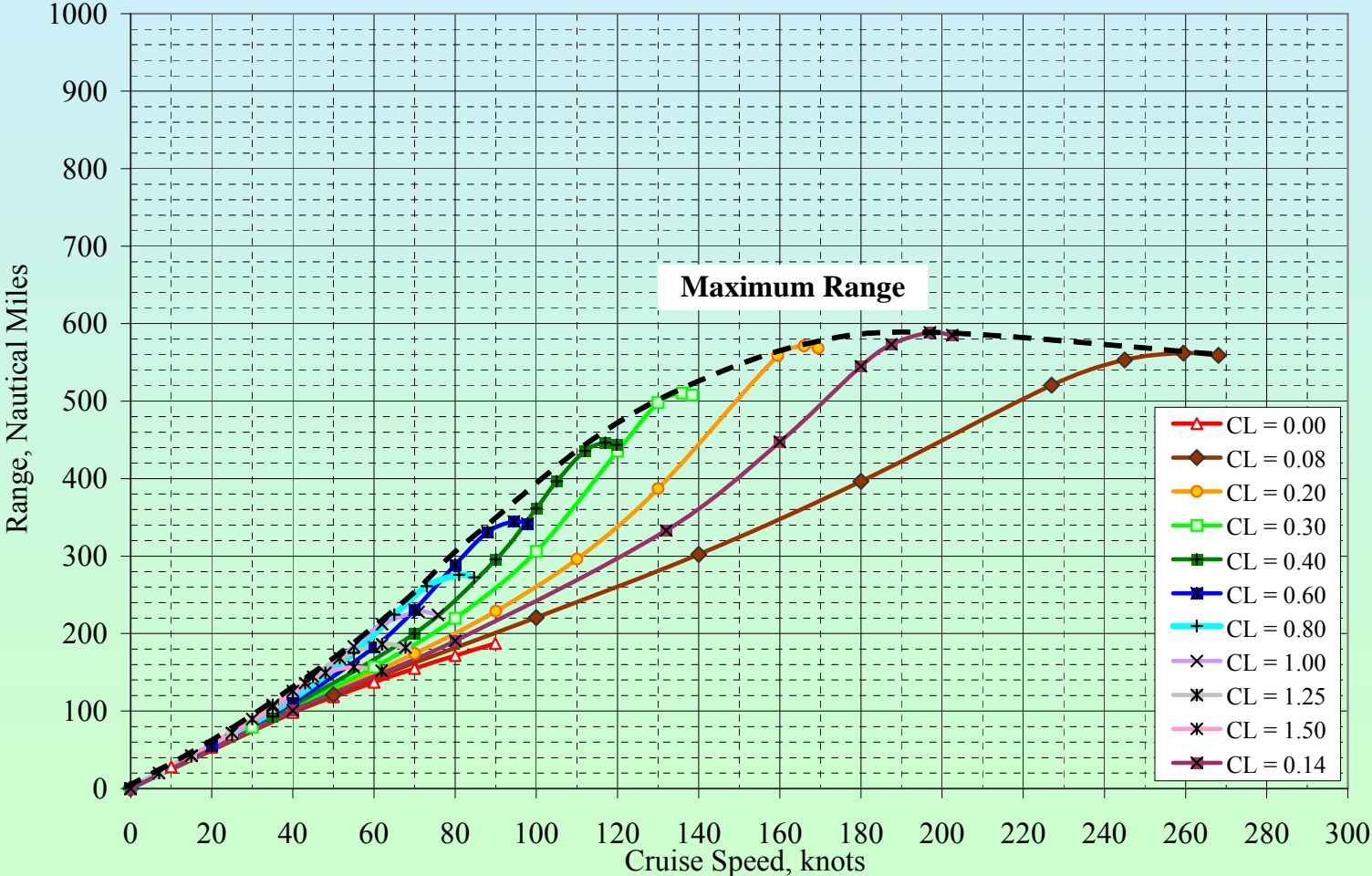
## Preliminary Performance Projections

Max. Speed :    260 knots

Range :          440 nmiles with 700 lbs., VTO  
                 820 nmiles with 500 lbs, U-STO

# Optionally Manned UAV / AVX-12 PAV for Personnel Recovery / Medical Evacuation

**AVX-12 : Range at Mid-Cruise Weight  
VTO (@2000 lbs), Normal Payload (500 lbs)**



# Conclusions

1. It is Time  
for Complex, Costly, Cumbersome Clap-Trap Contraptions  
Called Helicopters  
to be Replaced by Compact, Quiet, Lower Cost Air Vehicles.
2. The Trade-Off between Power and Rotor Size Leads to an Optimum  $\approx$   
100 psf Disk Loading, 10 lbs/hp Power Loading.  
  
But, this Optimum must be Achieved  
without Heavy, Maintenance-Prone Shafts & Gears.
3. The AVX-12 PAV / UAV by D-STAR / AurAayan  
Offers Low Cost & Low Complexity  
Safe and Quiet Operation  
Ability to Operate in Urban / Forested Areas  
Excellent Speed, Range and Endurance.