Competitive Sourcing

The Office of Management and Budget A-76 Circular

(revised May 2003)

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Human Capital Management Cycle

SHAPE BASELINE TOTAL STRUCTURE GROWTH & DEVELOPMENT **WORKFORCE** PROMOTION & SELECTION (MIL, CIV, CSS, RES) INCENTIVES **PEOPLE TO PRODUCTS WORKFORCE** BENCH STRENGTH TO TASKS TO SKILLS TO **SHAPING DOLLARS** PEOPLE-PRODUCTS-TASKS-SKILLS-\$ KNOW WHERE YOU ARE AND SHAPE TO WHERE YOU NEED TO BE TING LAPLER PRODUCTIVITY / **PROJECT VALUE BASED FUTURE DECISION MAKING REQUIREMENTS**

Potential Competitive Sourcing Impacts on Human Capital Strategy Planning

Inherently Governmental & Commercial Activities - FAIR Act Inventory

- Standardize Inventory to Identify Common Functional Areas for Competition
- Commercial Coding of Billets to be Based on Occupation & Grade/Rank
 - Exceptions to be Justified

Potential Market Areas for Competition (Not All Inclusive)

- Facility & Base Operations
- Non-Technical Support (Clerical, Graphics, etc.)
- Retail Supply Operations

Military to Civilian Conversions (Department of Defense)

- 80,000 Billets for FY05-FY11 (24,000 in FY05)
- Many will Undergo Competitive Sourcing



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Goal of Revised Circular

 Improve Cycle Time to Achieve Savings by Reducing Length of Competition

(Reduced to 12-18 mos. vs. 24-36 mos.)

Requires Re-Competition of Most Efficient Organizations (MEO) after Performance Period

 Can Be Extended by 3 Yrs If Approved As a High Performing Organization

Preliminary Planning

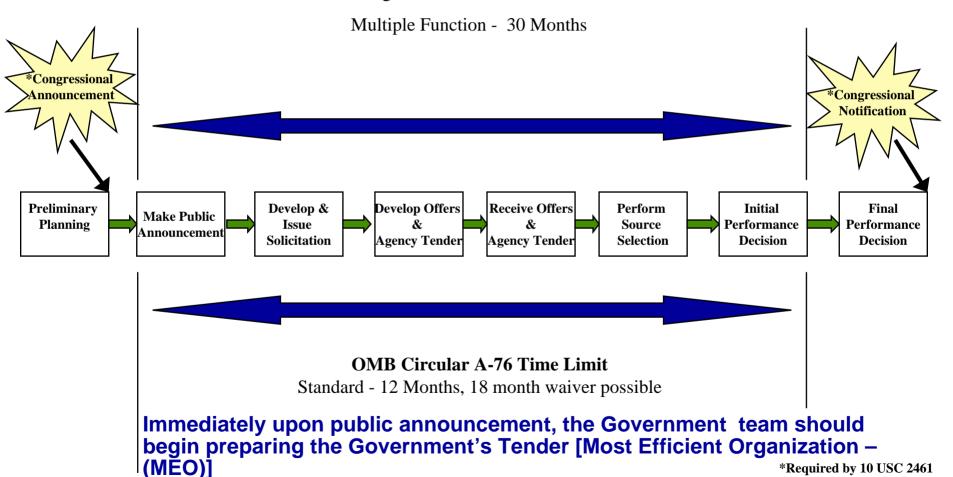
- Creates a Structured Approach to Look at Entire Functional Areas
 - Best Business Decision



Competition Timeline

DoD Appropriations Act Time Limit

Single Function – 24 Months



Considerations for Agency Tender Teams

Team Members:

- ATO (Agency Tender Official)
- Technical and Functional Experts
- Human Resource Advisor
- Legal
- ATO/MEO Contractor Support
- Contract specialist/Contracting Officer (not required)

Potential Strategies for Agency Tender development

- Benchmark Other Organizations Performing Similar Work
- Reorganize Organization and Process Based on Performance Work Statement (Business Process Re-engineering, Lean, Etc.)
 - Incorporate Best Business Practices

Opportunity for ATO to Protest to GAO (new)

National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005



Considerations for the Agency Tender Proposal and Source Selection Challenges

AT and Private Sector must address same technical and price proposal requirements, except:

- AT not required to address labor strike plan, small business utilization or past performance information
- AT includes the Letter of Obligation
- Agency Cost Estimate (ACE) must be submitted using COMPARE software

Source Selection will use Low Price Technically Acceptable (LPTA) or Tradeoff methods (Best Value continuum)

 Government Tender Will Be Evaluated at the Same Time As the Private Sector Offerors

ATO must represent the Agency Tender during discussions

 Government Tender Cannot Be Eliminated From the Competition (DoD Only, Title 10 Section 2461)



Considerations for the Agency Tender Implementation Challenges

Agency Tender Win

- Issue Letter of Obligation
- Reduction in Force (RIF) conducted
 - Reduction & downgrades based on # MEO positions
 - Hire/Fill in Vacancies Due to Attrition During Competition
 - Finding Compatible Positions in Other Parts of Organization
- Post Award Monitoring
 - -Changes in the Effort Must be Reflected in Letter of Obligation (PWS & Cost Estimates)
- Re-Compete (End of Performance Period)
 - –Difficulty Maintaining Government Staff

Private Sector Win

- Contract awarded (normal process)
- RIF Conducted
 - Reductions based on # existing positions
 - Adversely affected Government employees have the Right of First Refusal

- Post Award Monitoring
 - Changes in the Effort Must be Reflected in the Contract (PWS & Contract Price)
- Re-Compete (Normal process)

