



# M98 HEPA Filter System Performance Study: Testing Methods and Criteria

**Benjamin D. Green  
Mechanical Engineer**

**Naval Surface Warfare Center Dahlgren Division  
Shipboard CBR Protection Branch  
[benjamin.d.green@navy.mil](mailto:benjamin.d.green@navy.mil)**



# Agenda

- Overview of NSWCDD's Filter Performance Evaluation
- NSWCDD Particulate Leak Test Method
- Issues, Considerations and Actions Taken
- HEPA Filtration Overview
- Thermal vs. Laskin Nozzle Aerosol Generation
- Difference Between Leak and Efficiency Testing
- Threat and Filtration Criteria
- Recommendations and Continued Work

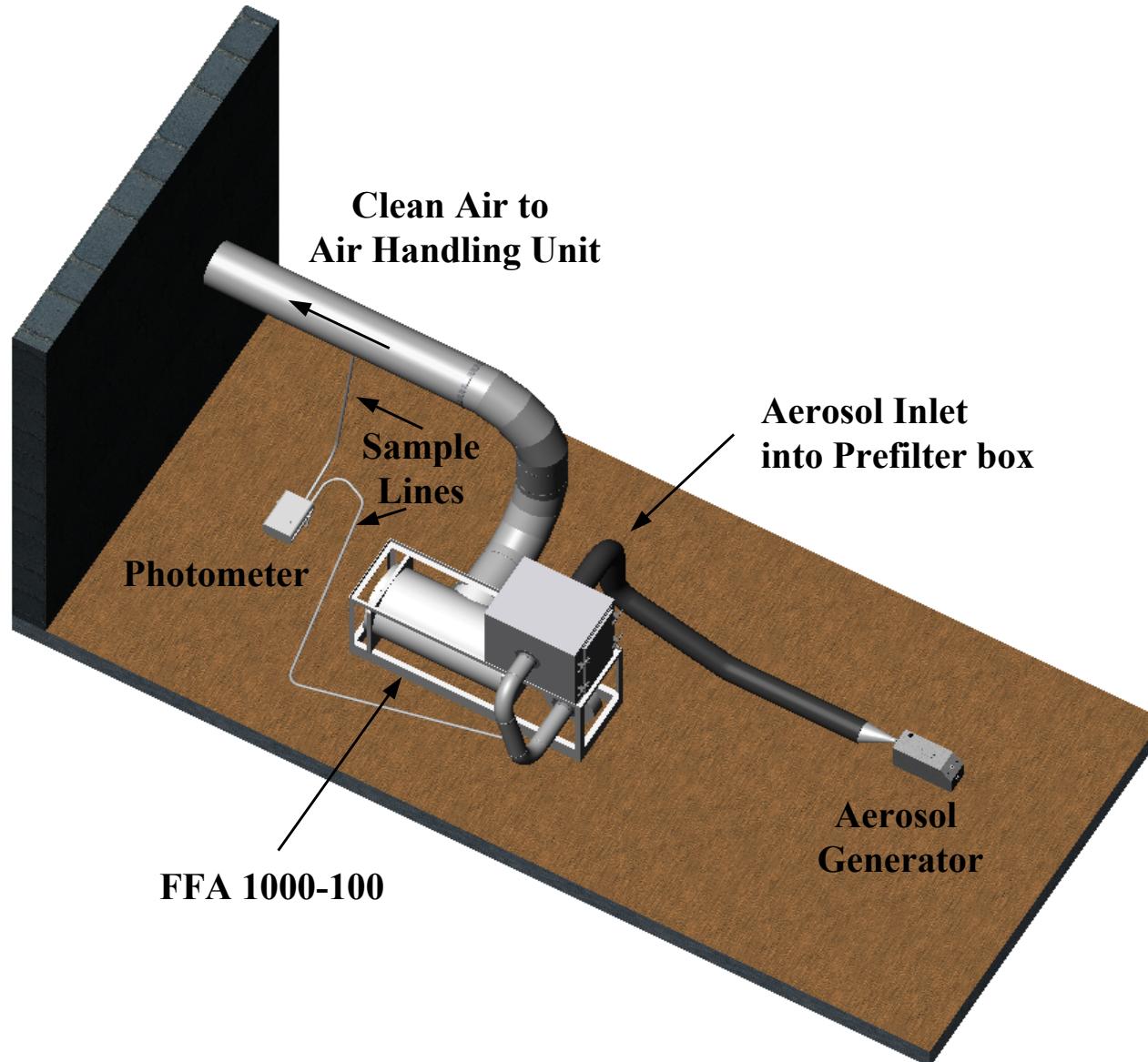


# M98 Filter Performance Evaluation

- **Task:**
  - Beginning in January 2004, NSWCDD examined the remaining filtration capacity of the M98 gas filter after 300, 500, and 700 days of service at a fixed-site location.
- **Objective:**
  - Provide data and modeling information to accurately assess the performance of new and in-service fixed-site M98 filters.
- **Testing:**
  - Aerosol leak tests were performed on each system before the old filters were removed and after the new filters were installed.



# NSWCDD Leak Test Method





# Issues and Considerations

- **Test Results:**
  - Lower than expected leak test results
- **Possible Explanation of Results:**
  - Individual filter performance vs. overall system performance
  - Environmental effects
  - Gaskets
  - Filter media
  - Test equipment and procedures

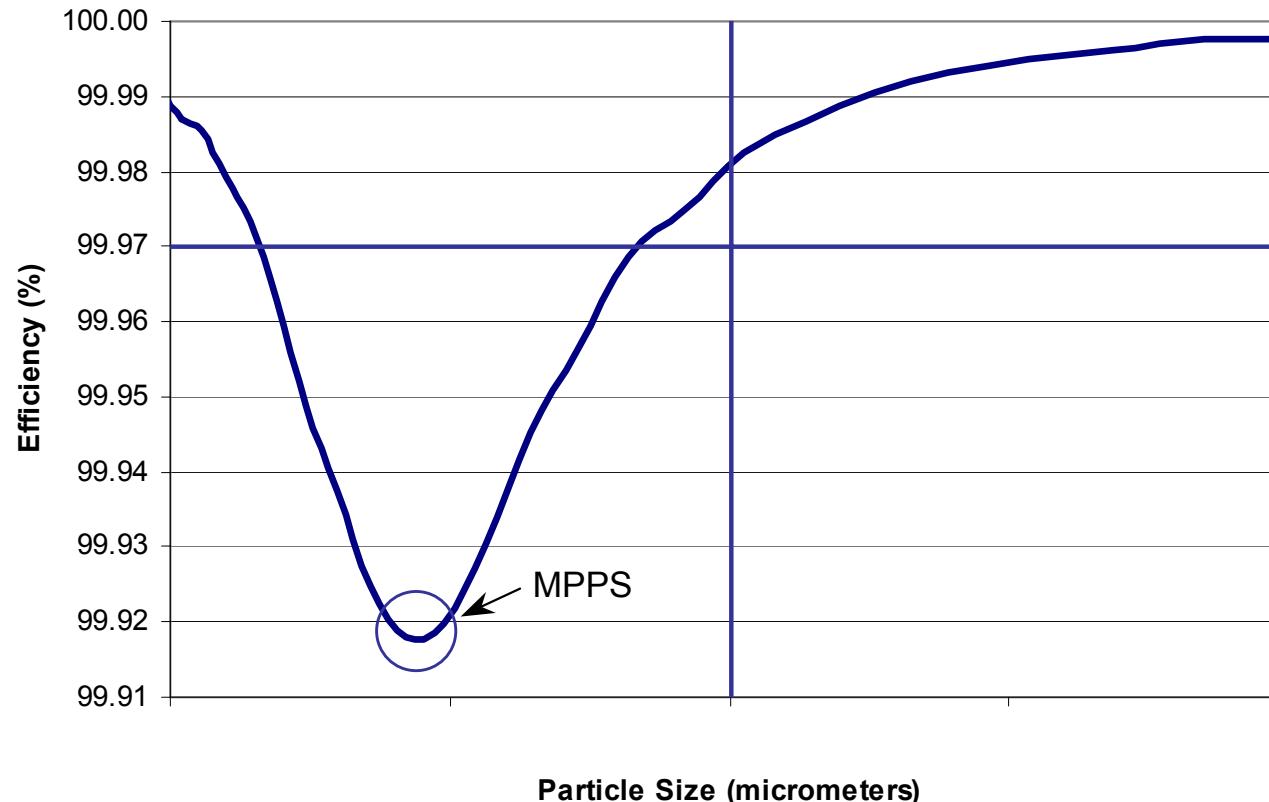


# Actions Taken

- **Environmental Effects:**
  - Testing performed across a diverse range of environmental conditions, ruling out the possibility of humidity and temperature having an effect on the testing process.
- **Gaskets:**
  - Gaskets were tested by two methods:
    - Caulking to eliminate any error caused by gaskets.
    - Metal to gasket seal to eliminate gasket to gasket error.
  - Neither method had a noticeable effect on photometer reading.
- **Test Method:**
  - Standardized test methods through research and following IEST and ASME standards.
- **Test Equipment:**
  - Researched and determined the equipment needed for testing.



# HEPA Filtration Curve



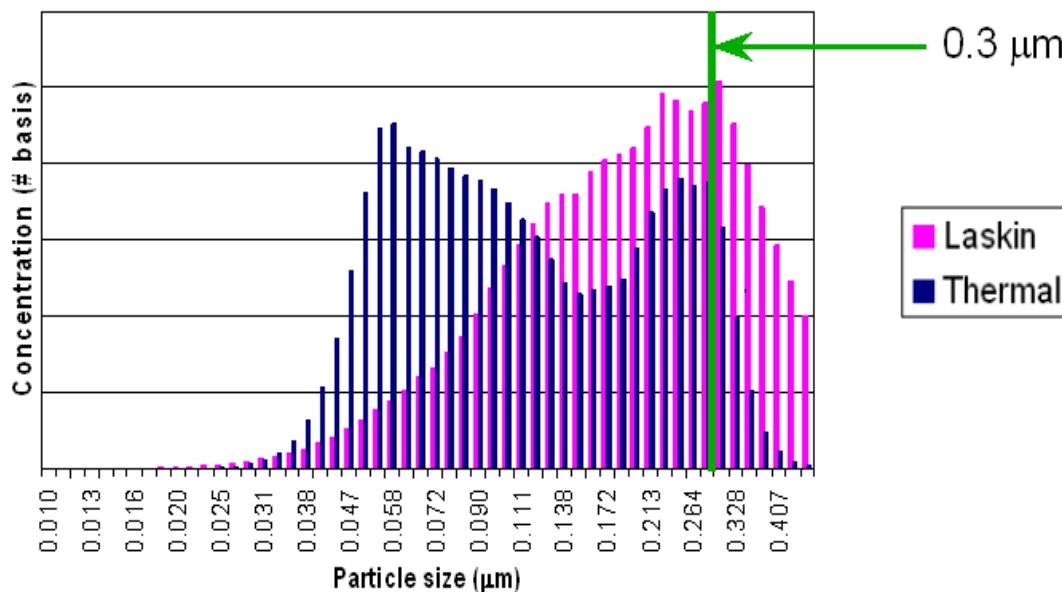
## Widely Known Facts:

1. Efficiency testing is conducted at 0.3  $\mu\text{m}$  because it was thought to be the most penetrating particle size (MPPS). The actual MPPS is between 0.1 and 0.2  $\mu\text{m}$  depending on the media.
2. Efficiencies at larger particle sizes (1.0-10  $\mu\text{m}$ ) are significantly higher.

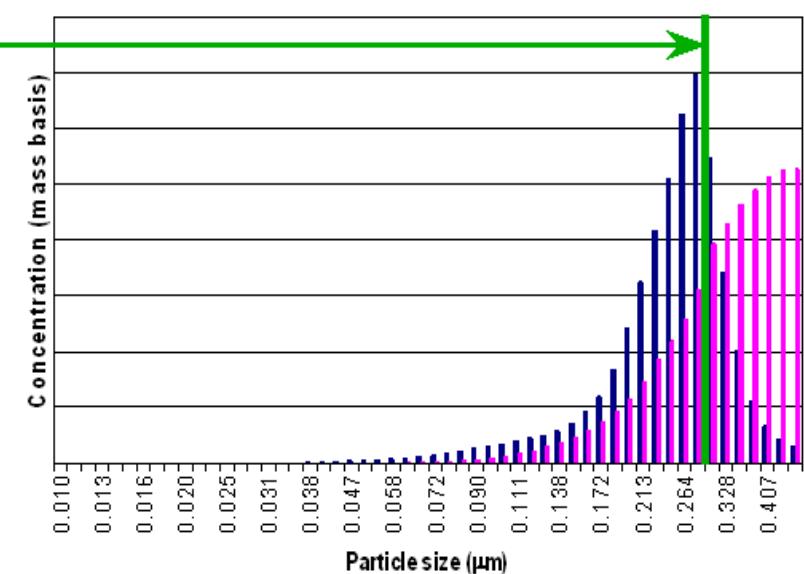


# Thermal vs. Laskin Nozzle Aerosol Generation

## Count Basis



## Mass Basis



### Count Basis Measurement Method

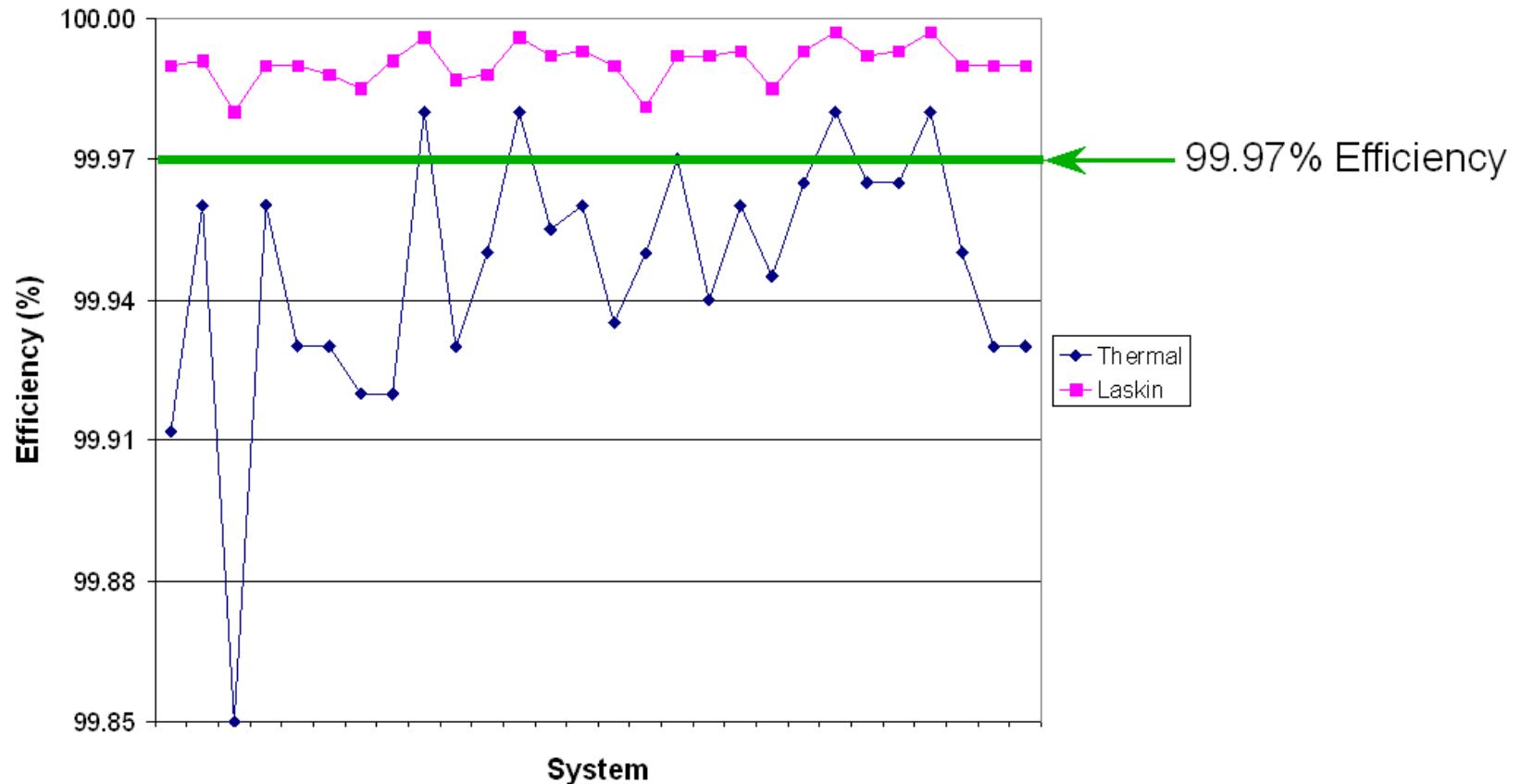
- Laser Particle Counter
- Scanning Mobility Particle Sizer

### Mass Basis Measurement Method

- Photometer



# Thermal vs. Laskin Nozzle Generator Leak Test Results



Note:

1. Systems were tested on the same day with the same calibrated photometer.



## COLPRO System: Leak Test vs. Efficiency Test

- **Leak Test:**
  - Measure of the bypass leakage of a polydispersed aerosol through a filtration system at its rated airflow.
  - Verifies that both the particulate filter gaskets and o-ring seals within a COLPRO system are free from leaks, as well as identifying any significant damage to the filters.
- **Efficiency Test:**
  - Measure of the penetration of a specific size aerosol through a filtration system at its rated airflow.
  - A quantifiable examination of not only the gaskets and o-rings, but also the installed filter's media.
  - Characterizes the system performance against specific threat particle sizes.



## Equipment Required for a System Efficiency Test

- **Monodispersed aerosol:**
  - Challenging a filtration system with only particles of the desired challenge size.
  - Insufficient output of aerosol will result in statistical uncertainty for larger systems (i.e. above 5,000 CFM).

OR

- **Specific particle size measurement:**
  - Measuring only the desired particle size of a polydispersed aerosol challenge.
  - Equipment is costly (> \$100K), non-ruggedized and contains a radiation source.



# Topics Considered for Particulate Performance

- Threat:
  - What is the threat particle size?
  - What is the expected upstream concentration of particles?
  - What is an allowable downstream concentration of particles?
- Type of testing required:
  - Leak
  - Efficiency
- M98 particulate filters media selection:
  - HEPA
  - ULPA



## Recommendations and Continued Work

- Perform leak tests on all systems.
- Design one set of equipment capable of performing leak tests on all systems regardless of airflow.
- Develop the equipment needed to characterize a system's efficiency across a range of sizes.
- Standardizing test ports for all COLPRO applications.
- Study the threat as compared to current HEPA media efficiency to determine desired filtration criteria.



# Questions?

**Ben Green**  
**NSWC Dahlgren Division**  
**[benjamin.d.green@navy.mil](mailto:benjamin.d.green@navy.mil)**