

Logistics capability that enables faster combat operations by sensing materiel needs and responding to those needs before they hinder or slow operations.

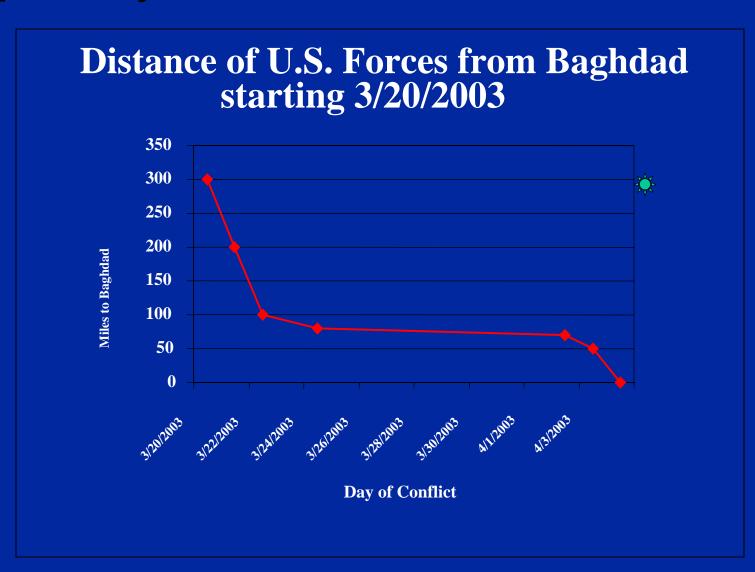
SRLC:

- Emphasizes adaptive behavior,
- Relies on networks rather than supply chains,
- •Views all units in a network as requesters <u>and</u> providers of supply and transportation,
- •Uses a common, relevant, battlespace knowledge,
- •Relies on unit self-synchronization.

The Differences

Activity	Traditional	SLRC
Supply From	Next centralized supply support unit in supply chain; same service	Any unit, any service
Transport From	Unit Supply Chain	Any available source
Supply Push From	Time-phased plans	Scheme of maneuver; real-time unit demand
Supply Pull From	End-unit request	Push system prime
Inventory Visibility	Within supply chain; none cross-service	All potential sources visible
Focus	Supply throughput	End-unit readiness
Metrics	Ton-miles of supply flow	End-unit readiness; enhanced combat speed, agility
Supply and transport ownership	Units and services	Theater commander; the enterprise

Operation Iraqi Freedom



Focus on Logistics

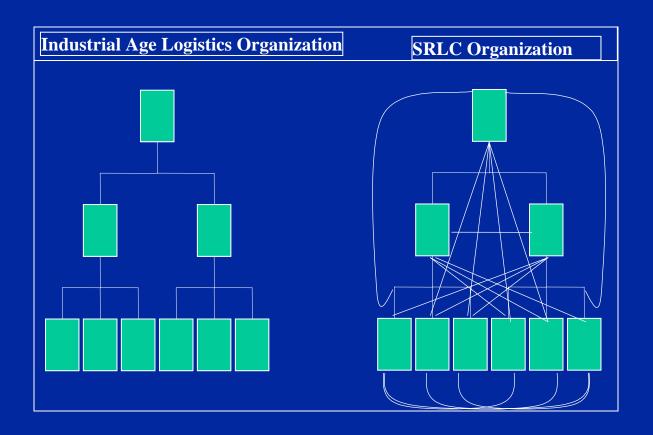
- What Went Surprisingly Well?
 - (Were there harbingers of SRLC?)
- What Went Wrong?
 - (Could SRLC have avoided the problems?)
- What Could Have Gone Wrong?
 - (Would SRLC have kept it from happening?)

- What Went Wrong Problems that a SRLC could have solved
 - Communication Limitations
 - In-transit Supply Visibility
 - Logistics Adaptability
 - More Relevant Metrics
 - Iron Mountains as lucrative targets
 - Theater Basing Constraints
 - Tactical Surpluses and Shortages
 - Supply Flow Interdiction
 - Post-Conflict Supply Surpluses

- Harbingers of SRLC
 - SRLC attributes appearing in Operation Iraqi Freedom
 - Supply Push on basic of Scheme of Maneuver
 - Inventory Visibility
 - Adaptive Net-Centric Strategy

Emerging SRLC

- **Natural Proclivities of Warriors**
- **☐** Technological Breakthroughs
- **New Strategic Imperatives**
- TROLLS Beneath the Bridge Underlying Barriers
 - **Services Proclivities**
 - **□** Fear of Flying (Cultural inhibitions to change)
 - **□** Gossamer Wings Technology gaps
 - **Who pays: Fiscal Accountability**



Organizational Contexts of Industrial Age Logistics and SRLC

Advantages of SRLC

Less vulnerable -- no iron mountains, no single node failure, no unit supply isolation

Less massive -- less redundancy, more efficient

More robust -- more supply sources, options, transport

More effective -- faster adaptation, smoother flow

Operation Iraqi Freedom Planning Objectives

Control of Baghdad

Speed of Execution

Adaptability

Logistics Problems in Operation Iraqi Freedom

Problem	Potential SLRC Solution
Communications Limitations	Asset visibility; Information Technology
In-transit visibility of supplies	Inventory Visibility; Information Technology
Logistics planning and adaptability	Supported Strategy; Information Technology
Poor/less than relevant performance metrics	Metrics; Readiness to execute when needed
"Iron Mountains" as lucrative targets	Supply from any unit, any service
Theater Basing Constraints	Transport from any source in theater; inventory visibility
Tactical Surpluses and Shortages	Asset visibility; Information Technology
Supply Flow Interdiction	Supply/Transportation from any unit, any source
Costs and Financial Accountability	Asset Visibility
Post-Conflict Surplus Disposition	Asset Visibility

What Went/Could Have Gone Wrong ... How SRLC Could have Helped

Problem	SRLC Solution
Communications Limitations	Robust IT; Asset Visibility
In-transit Visibility	Asset Visibility
Performance Metrics	Readiness
Iron Mountains as Targets	Distributed Supply; supply from any unit, any service
Tactical Surpluses and shortages	Asset visibility
Supply Flow Interdiction	Supply/Transport from any unit, any source

The Changing Global Context of Logistics continued

Opponent Capabilities

Keep Out Capabilities (+)

Improved Strategic Awareness Greater Range Greater Accuracy

Counter-Expeditionary Capabilities (+)

Weapons of Mass Destruction
Growing Awareness of US concepts of operation

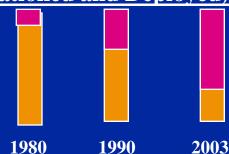
The Changing Global Context of Logistics

Long-term shift toward expeditionary movement

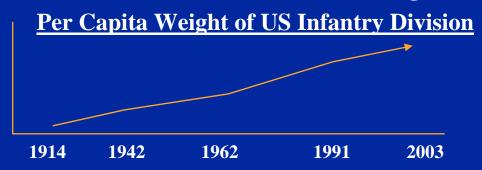
% of US Forces Overseas (Personnel Stationed and Deployed)

Garrisoned/Long established Base

Deployed/Temporary Base



Equipment increases in Volume and Weight



Role of and Challenge to Logistics Increasing